Descendants of Charlemagne King of the Franks

Generation One

1. Charlemagne King of the Franks married Hildegard. He was born 742. Charlemagne was King of the Franks from 768 to his death. He expanded the Frankish kingdom into an empire that incorporated much of western and central Europe. During his reign, he conquered Italy and was crowned emperor by Pope Leo III on Christmas Day in the year 800. Through his conquests and reforms, Charlemagne helped define both Western Europe and the middle ages. He is considered as the founding father of both the French and German monarchies. Charlemagne had twenty children by eight of his ten known wives or concubines. It is from this second wife Hildegard that Katherine and Anna are descended. They are descended from two sons of Charlemagne and Hildegard: from his son Carloman who was renamed Pepin (773-810) and from his son Louis (778-840), who was King of Aquitaine since 781 and who became Holy Roman emperor in 813. He died in 814.

Hildegard is not be confused with Hildegard, daughter of Arnulf I Count of Flanders and Adele of Vermandois. She was born 758. She died in 783.

The two children of Charlemagne King of the Franks and Hildegard were as follows:

+ 2. i. Pepin, b. Apr 773; d. 8 Jul 810.

+ 3. ii. Louis the Pious, b. 778; m. Judith of Bavaria; d. 840.

Generation Two

2. Pepin King of Italy was also known as Carloman third son of Charlemagne. He was born Apr 773. He died on 8 Jul 810 at age 37. Pepin became King of Italy after his father's conquest of Lombardy in 781. He married Bertha the daughter of William of the Gellone, count of Toulouse and had five daughters by her. Before his death in 810 he also fathered an illegitimate son, Bernard. As Pepin was expected to inherit a third of his father's empire, the crown of Italy was passed to his son Bernard and the empire went to Pepin's younger brother Louis the Pious. It is from Bernard that Catherine and Anna are descended from Pepin.¹

Children of Pepin King of Italy include:

+ 4. i. Bernard, b. 797 at Normandy; m. Cunigunda of Laon; d. 17 Apr 818 at Milan.

3. Louis the Pious King of the Franks was born 778. He married Judith of Bavaria in 819 at Aachen. He died in 840. The two children of Louis the Pious King of the Franks and Judith of Bavaria were as follows:

- + 5. i. Gisela, b. 821; m. Eberhard of Friuli.
- + 6. ii. Charles the Bald, b. 823; m. Ermentrude of Orléans; d. 877.

Generation Three

4. Bernard King of Italy married Cunigunda of Laon. He was born 797 at Normandy. Bernard was King of Italy from 810 to 818. He conspired with his uncle Lothair against his other uncle the emperor Louis the Pious. When that the conspiracy was discovered Louis had Bernard blinded and this became the eventual cause of Bernard's death.¹ In 813, Bernard married Cunigunda of Laon and they had one son, Pepin, Count of Vermandois, who was born around 815. Pepin, who continued to side with Lothair against Louis the Pious, is believed to have married a daughter of Theodoric of Nibelung. One son from this marriage was Herbert I of Vermandois (c.848 - 902) who was Lord of Péronne and of St Quentin and also Count of Paris. He became Count of Vermandois in 896. For most of time from becoming Count of Vermandois, Herbert was at war with others seeking to take his inheritance. Among his enemies were the Duke of

Burgandy, the King of France, and the Count of Flanders. Baldwin II Count of Flanders attacked Vermandois, was driven out by 900 but reconquered it. In 902, Herbert was killed by an assassin in the pay of Baldwin II, count the Flanders.¹ He died on 17 Apr 818 at Milan.

The only child of Bernard King of Italy and Cunigunda of Laon was:

+ 7. i. Pepin, b. circa 815; m. daughter of Theodoric Nibelung (?).

5. Gisela daughter of Louis the Pious married Eberhard of Friuli. She was born 821. Eberhard of Friuli diad in 866

Eberhard of Friuli died in 866.

The only child of Gisela daughter of Louis the Pious and Eberhard of Friuli is:

+ 8. i. Ingeltrude, m. Henry of Franconia.

6. Charles the Bald King of West Francia married Ermentrude of Orléans. He was born 823. He died in 877. The only child of Charles the Bald King of West Francia and Ermentrude of Orléans was:

+ 9. i. Judith, b. 844; m. Baldwin I Count of Flanders; d. 870.

Generation Four

7. Pepin of Vermandois married daughter of Theodoric Nibelung (?). He was born circa 815.

The two children of Pepin of Vermandois and daughter of Theodoric Nibelung (?) were as follows:

+ 10. i. , m. Berenger Lord of Brittania Nova.

+ 11. ii. Herbert I, b. circa 848; m. Bertha de Morvois; d. 907.

8. Ingeltrude married Henry of Franconia.

Henry of Franconia died in 886.

The only child of Ingeltrude and Henry of Franconia is:

+ 12. i. Otto I, m. Hedwige.

9. Princess Judith of Flanders was born 844. She married Baldwin I Count of Flanders, son of Audacer, in 862. She died in 870.

Baldwin I Count of Flanders died in 879.

The only child of Princess Judith of Flanders and Baldwin I Count of Flanders was:

+ 13. i. Baldwin II, b. 865; m. Aelfthryth (Elfrida); d. 918.

Generation Five

10. daughter of Pepin married Berenger Lord of Brittania Nova.

Berenger Lord of Brittania Nova died in 886. Was murdered by Rollo the Viking.

The only child of daughter of Pepin and Berenger Lord of Brittania Nova is:

+ 14. i. Poppa, m. Robert I (Rollo) Count of Normandy.

11. Herbert I Count of Vermandois married Bertha de Morvois. He was born circa 848. He died in 907. The two children of Herbert I Count of Vermandois and Bertha de Morvois were as follows:

- + 15. i. Herbert II, m. Adela (Liégarde) of France.
- + 16. ii. Beatrice, b. circa 880; m. Robert I King of West Francia; d. after 26 Mar 931.

12. Otto I Duke of Saxony married Hedwige.

The only child of Otto I Duke of Saxony and Hedwige was:

+ 17. i. Henry, b. 876; m. St. Matilda of Ringelheim; d. 936.

13. Baldwin II Count of Flanders married Aelfthryth (Elfrida), daughter of Alfred the Great King West Saxons and Ealhswith. He was born 865. Baldwin II (865-918) was a great grandson of Louis the pious and an ancestor of both Anna and Catherine. Baldwin was a son of Princess Judith of Flanders, a granddaughter of Louis the Pious and her third husband, Baldwin I, count of Flanders. Judith's father was Charles the Bald, son of Louis the Pious and was King of West Francia.¹ Baldwin II became count of Flanders upon the death of his father. He married Aelfthryth (Elfrida), daughter of Alfred the Great, king of Wessex, in 884. In 934, their son Arnulf I of Flanders, married Adele of Vermandois, the daughter of Herbert II of Vermandois and Adele (Liegarde) of France. In other words, the son of Baldwin II married the granddaughter of the man whom his father had assassinated 32 years earlier.¹ He died in 918.

The only child of Baldwin II Count of Flanders and Aelfthryth (Elfrida) was:

+ 18. i. Arnulf I, b. circa 890; m. Adele of Vermandois; d. 965.

Generation Six

14. Poppa daugther of Berenger married Robert I (Rollo) Count of Normandy, son of Ragnvald the Wise and Ragnhild, in 886.

Robert I (Rollo) Count of Normandy was born circa 860. He died in 928.

- The two children of Poppa daugther of Berenger and Robert I (Rollo) Count of Normandy were as follows:
 - + 19. i. Adele (Gerloc), m. William III of Aquitaine; d. after 969.
 - + 20. ii. William I "Longsword," b. between 0900 and 0905; m. Luitgard of Vermandois; d. 1 Dec 942.

15. Herbert II Count de Vermandois married Adela (Liégarde) of France, daughter of Robert I King of West Francia. He was also known as Herbert II Count of Vermandois. Herbert II of Vermandois (880-943) succeeded his father c.902 as Count of Vermandois. In 907, Herbert married Adela (Liégarde) of France (bef.898-?), the daughter of Robert I, King of West Francia and his first wife, Alyse.¹ In 922, Herbert took part in the rebellion against Charles the Simple, King of West Francia, and tricked the king into capture - imprisoning him for six year. He consolidated his power by arranging for his young son to be made Archbishop of Reims. Together with the forces of his son-in-law, Arnulf I Count of Flanders, Herbert captured a Viking stronghold and following this he forged an alliance with the Vikings by leaving his son with the Vikings as a hostage. Herbert unsuccessfully attempted to capture Laon in 927. In the 930's, a former ally, Rudolph, who was Duke of Burgandy and now King of West Francia, subdued Vermandois and Herbert was forced to submit to the new king. In 939. Herbert joined an alliance led by the German king against the Louis IV, who was now the King of West Francia. Together they raided Frankish territory and forced Louis to renounce his claim to the Middle Kingdom. Together with Hugh the Grand (his wife's half-brother), Herbert besieged Reims and Laon in their rebellion against the king. Upon his death in 943, his territories were divided between his sons by their maternal uncle Hugh the Grand who was Count of Paris.¹

The two children of Herbert II Count de Vermandois and Adela (Liégarde) of France were as follows:

- + 21. i. Adele, m. Arnulf I Count of Flanders.
- + 22. ii. Luitgard, b. circa 920; m. William I "Longsword" Count of Normandy; m. Theobald I of Blois; d. 978.

16. Beatrice of Vermandois married Robert I King of West Francia, son of Robert the Strong Count of Anjou. She was born circa 880. She died after 26 Mar 931. Both Catherine and Anna are also descendants of a sister of Herbert II. She was Beatrice of Vermandois (880-931). Beatrice married Robert I, King of West Francia and was the mother of Hugh the Grand - which makes Hugh the Grand to be both brother-in-law and nephew of Herbert.¹

Robert I King of West Francia. Herbert's sister, Beatrice became Robert's second wife in 895. Robert had sided with his father-in-law, Herbert I, in their rebellion against Charles the Simple, King of France. Robert became the king of West Francia in 922 after chasing out Charles, but lost both the throne and his life in 923 when Charles attempted to take back the throne. The nobles instead elected some one else to the throne, yet the grandson of Robert managed to secure the throne and become the first King of France in 987. His name was Hugh Capet and he is regarded as the founder of the Capetian dynasty. The Capetians dynasty ruled France from 987 to 1328 and all French Kings down to the last in the 19th century were members of the dynasty. The current King of Spain and the Queen of England are direct descendents of Hugh Capet. Yet we are only concerned with the line from Hugh Capet as it relates to Anna Savage and Katherine Talbot.

Robert's first wife was Alyse, a descendant of Charlemagne. It is their daughter, Adela of France who is mentioned above as the wife of Herbert II.¹ He was born 15 Aug 866. He died on 15 Jun 923 at age 56.

The only child of Beatrice of Vermandois and Robert I King of West Francia was:

+ 23. i. Hugh, b. 898; m. Hewige of Saxony; d. 16 Jun 956.

17. Henry the Fowler, King of Germany was born 876. He married St. Matilda of Ringelheim in 909. He died in 936. St. Matilda of Ringelheim was born 895. She died in 968.

The two children of Henry the Fowler, King of Germany and St. Matilda of Ringelheim were as follows:

+ 24. i. Hewige, m. Hugh the Great, Duke of France.

+ 25. ii. Otto, b. 912; m. Edith of Wessex; d. 973.

18. Arnulf I Count of Flanders was born circa 890. He married Adele of Vermandois, daughter of Herbert II Count de Vermandois and Adela (Liégarde) of France, in 934. He died in 965.

Adele of Vermandois. The child of Herbert II and his wife Adela of France whom both Katherine and Anna share as an ancestor, was the daughter named Adele of Vermandois. Her marriage to Arnulf was arranged to seal the alliance made in 934 between her father and her future husband. She was Arnulf's second wife. Katherine and Anna are descended from two children of Arnulf and Adela. One daughter, Hildegard, who was daughter of Arnulf and possibly of another, earlier wife of Arnulf was the ancestress of one line to the two women. One son of Arnulf and Adela, and ancestor to Katherine and Anna, became Baldwin III, count of Flanders.¹

The two children of Arnulf I Count of Flanders and Adele of Vermandois were as follows:

+ 26. i. Hildegard, m. Dirk II Count of Frisia & Holland.

+ 27. ii. Baldwin III, b. 940; m. Matilda of Savoy; d. 972.

Generation Seven

19. Adele (Gerloc) of Normandy married William III of Aquitaine, son of Ebalus Manzer Duke of Aquitaine and Emilienne. She died after 969.

William III of Aquitaine was born 915. He died on 3 Apr 963.

The two children of Adele (Gerloc) of Normandy and William III of Aquitaine were as follows:

- + 28. i. William IV, b. 937; m. Emma de Blois; d. 995.
- + 29. ii. Adelaide, b. circa 945; m. Hugh Capet King of France; d. 1004.

20. William I "Longsword" Count of Normandy married Luitgard of Vermandois, daughter of Herbert II Count de Vermandois and Adela (Liégarde) of France. He was born between 0900 and 0905. He died on 1 Dec 942.

Luitgard of Vermandois. Count Herbert II and his wife had seven children. One of whom was an ancestor of both Katherine and Anna, and one who was an ancestor only of Anna. This daughter of Herbert II of Vermandois and his wife Adele, who was an ancestress of Anna Savage, but not of Katherine Talbot, was Lietgarde of Vermandois.¹ She was born circa 920. She married Theobald I of Blois in 943. She died in 978.

The only child of William I "Longsword" Count of Normandy and Luitgard of Vermandois was:

+ 30. i. Richard I the Fearless of Normandy, m. Gunnor of Denmark; d. 996.

21. Adele of Vermandois married Arnulf I Count of Flanders, son of Baldwin II Count of Flanders and Aelfthryth (Elfrida), in 934. The child of Herbert II and his wife Adela of France whom both Katherine and Anna share as an ancestor, was the daughter named Adele of Vermandois. Her marriage to Arnulf was arranged to seal the alliance made in 934 between her father and her future husband. She was Arnulf's second wife. Katherine and Anna are descended from two children of Arnulf and Adela. One daughter, Hildegard, who was daughter of Arnulf and possibly of another, earlier wife of Arnulf was the ancestress of one line to the two women. One son of Arnulf and Adela, and ancestor to Katherine and Anna, became Baldwin III, count of Flanders.¹

Arnulf I Count of Flanders was born circa 890. He died in 965.

The two children of Adele of Vermandois and Arnulf I Count of Flanders were as follows:

31. i. Hildegard, m. Dirk II Count of Frisia & Holland. (see # 26.).

32. ii. Baldwin III, b. 940; m. Matilda of Savoy; d. 972. (see # 27.).

22. Luitgard of Vermandois married William I "Longsword" Count of Normandy, son of Robert I (Rollo) Count of Normandy and Poppa daugther of Berenger. Count Herbert II and his wife had seven children. One of whom was an ancestor of both Katherine and Anna, and one who was an ancestor only of Anna. This daughter of Herbert II of Vermandois and his wife Adele, who was an ancestress of Anna Savage, but not of Katherine Talbot, was Lietgarde of Vermandois.¹ She was born circa 920. She married Theobald I of Blois in 943. She died in 978.

William I "Longsword" Count of Normandy was born between 0900 and 0905. He died on 1 Dec 942. The only child of Luitgard of Vermandois and William I "Longsword" Count of Normandy was:

33. i. Richard I the Fearless of Normandy, m. Gunnor of Denmark; d. 996. (see # 30.). Theobald I of Blois was also known as Theobald the Trickster. He died between 0975 and 0978.

The two children of Luitgard of Vermandois and Theobald I of Blois were as follows:

+ 34. i. Odo I, b. circa 950; m. Bertha of Burgandy; d. 12 Mar 996.

+ 35. ii. Emma, b. 953; m. William IV Duke of Aquitaine; d. 1 Aug 1004.

23. Hugh the Great, Duke of France married Hewige of Saxony, daughter of Henry the Fowler, King of Germany and St. Matilda of Ringelheim. He was born 898. He died on 16 Jun 956.

The only child of Hugh the Great, Duke of France and Hewige of Saxony was:

+ 36. i. Hugh, b. 940; m. Adelaide of Aquitaine; d. 24 Oct 996.

24. Hewige of Saxony married Hugh the Great, Duke of France, son of Robert I King of West Francia and Beatrice of Vermandois.

Hugh the Great, Duke of France was born 898. He died on 16 Jun 956.

The only child of Hewige of Saxony and Hugh the Great, Duke of France was:

37. i. Hugh, b. 940; m. Adelaide of Aquitaine; d. 24 Oct 996. (see # 36.).

25. Otto the Great, Holy Roman Emperor was also known as Otto I King of Germany. He was born 912. He married Edith of Wessex in 929. He died in 973.

The only child of Otto the Great, Holy Roman Emperor and Edith of Wessex is:

+ 38. i. Liutgarde, m. Conrad Duke of Lorraine.

26. Hildegard married Dirk II Count of Frisia & Holland., son of Dirk I Count of Holland. She is not be confused with Hildegard.

Dirk II Count of Frisia & Holland was born between 0920 and 0930.²

The only child of Hildegard and Dirk II Count of Frisia & Holland. was:

+ 39. i. Arnulf, m. Lutgard of Luxemburg.

27. Baldwin III Count of Flanders married Matilda of Savoy, daughter of Hermann Bilung Margrave of Saxony. Baldwin ruled alongside his father from 958 as Baldwin III, Count of Flanders. In the 950's he married Matilda of Saxony and they had one child who was Arnulf II, Count of Flanders.¹ He was born 940. He died in 972.

The only child of Baldwin III Count of Flanders and Matilda of Savoy was:

+ 40. i. Arnulf II, b. 960; m. Rozala (Susanna) of Lombardy; d. 988.

Generation Eight

28. William IV Duke of Aquitaine was born 937. He married Emma de Blois, daughter of Theobald I of Blois and Luitgard of Vermandois, in 968. He died in 995 at Saint Maixent.

Emma de Blois was born 953. She died on 1 Aug 1004.

The only child of William IV Duke of Aquitaine and Emma de Blois was:

+ 41. i. William V, b. 969; m. Agnes of Burgandy; d. 31 Jan 1030 at Maillezaus.

29. Adelaide of Aquitaine. There is uncertainty about the origin of Adelaide. According to one source, she was Adelaide de Poitou, daughter of William III Duke of Aquitaine and his wife Adela [Gerloc] de Normandie.¹ She married Hugh Capet King of France, son of Hugh the Great, Duke of France and Hewige of Saxony. She was born circa 945. She died in 1004.

Hugh Capet King of France. He was installed as Duke of France by Lothaire King of France in 960. By 974, Hugh had become effective leader of France under King Lothaire, and headed the army which retook the kingdom of Lotharingia from Otto II King of Germany in 978. He was elected King of France by an assembly of nobles at Senlis 29 May 987, after the accidental death of Louis V King of France.¹ He was born 940. He died on 24 Oct 996.

The two children of Adelaide of Aquitaine and Hugh Capet King of France were as follows:

- + 42. i. Gisèle, m. Hugh I of Ponthieu.
- + 43. ii. Robert II, b. 27 Mar 972; m. Constance of Arles; d. 20 Jul 1031.

30. Richard I the Fearless of Normandy Count married Gunnor of Denmark.³ He died in 996.³

The only child of Richard I the Fearless of Normandy Count and Gunnor of Denmark was:

+ 44. i. Richard II of Normandy, m. Judith of Brittany; d. 1026.

34. Odo I of Blois married Bertha of Burgandy, daughter of Conrad the Peaceful, King of Burgandy. He was born circa 950. He died on 12 Mar 996.

Bertha of Burgandy was born 967. She died on 16 Jan 1016.

The only child of Odo I of Blois and Bertha of Burgandy was:

+ 45. i. Odo II, b. 983; m. Ermengarde of Auvergne; d. 15 Nov 1037.

35. Emma de Blois was born 953. She married William IV Duke of Aquitaine, son of William III of Aquitaine and Adele (Gerloc) of Normandy, in 968. She died on 1 Aug 1004.

William IV Duke of Aquitaine was born 937. He died in 995 at Saint Maixent.

The only child of Emma de Blois and William IV Duke of Aquitaine was:

46. i. William V, b. 969; m. Agnes of Burgandy; d. 31 Jan 1030 at Maillezaus. (see # 41.).

36. Hugh Capet King of France. He was installed as Duke of France by Lothaire King of France in 960. By 974, Hugh had become effective leader of France under King Lothaire, and headed the army which retook the kingdom of Lotharingia from Otto II King of Germany in 978. He was elected King of France by an assembly of nobles at Senlis 29 May 987, after the accidental death of Louis V King of France.¹ He married Adelaide of Aquitaine, daughter of William III of Aquitaine and Adele (Gerloc) of Normandy. He was born 940. He died on 24 Oct 996.

Adelaide of Aquitaine. There is uncertainty about the origin of Adelaide. According to one source, she was Adelaide de Poitou, daughter of William III Duke of Aquitaine and his wife Adela [Gerloc] de Normandie.¹ She was born circa 945. She died in 1004.

The two children of Hugh Capet King of France and Adelaide of Aquitaine were as follows:

- 47. i. Gisèle, m. Hugh I of Ponthieu. (see # 42.).
- 48. ii. Robert II, b. 27 Mar 972; m. Constance of Arles; d. 20 Jul 1031. (see # 43.).

38. Liutgarde married Conrad Duke of Lorraine.

The only child of Liutgarde and Conrad Duke of Lorraine was:

+ 49. i. Otto I, m. Judith of Bavaria; d. 1004.

39. Arnulf Count of Holland.

shockquote>Arnulf, also known as Aernout or Arnold succeeded his father in 988 as Count in Frisia. He was born in 951 in Ghent and because of this he is also known as Arnulf of Ghent. Arnulf was the son of Dirk II, Count of Holland and Hildegard, thought to be a daughter of Arnulf of Flanders.</br/>/blockquote>⁴ He married Lutgard of Luxemburg. He flourished circa 970 at Ghent.⁴

The only child of Arnulf Count of Holland and Lutgard of Luxemburg was:

+ 50. i. Adelaide, m. Enguerrand I of Ponthieu.

40. Arnulf II of Flanders married Rozala (Susanna) of Lombardy, daughter of Berenger II King of Italy. He was born 960. He died in 988. Arnulf II succeeded his grandfather, Arnulf I, and became Count of Flanders in 964 under the guardianship of his father's first cousin. Taking advantage of the weakness of the county during Arnulf's minority, his uncle Dirk II Count of Holland captured Gent and Waas, and Lothaire King of the West Franks occupied the south-east ostensibly in the role of protector of the young count. To counter the perceived threat from France, Emperor Otto II established marches on the right bank of the river Schelde from Valenciennes in the south to Antwerp in the north. Arnoul's majority was declared in 976. This uncle Dirk, who captured Ghent, was the husband of Arnulf's aunt Hildegard.¹

Rozala (Susanna) of Lombardy. Sometime between 968 and 976, Arnulf II married the daughter of a former king of Italy. Her name was Rozala, but she is also known as Susanne. She had grown up in the imperial court in Germany after her parents were captured by Emperor Otto I in 963. Her marriage to Arnulf was arranged by the Emperor as an attempt to increase imperial influence over Flanders at a time when the King of West Francia was asserting his own control over the county. After Arnulf died Susanne was married to the French king, but he disowned her and she returned to Flanders were she became a advisor to her son, Count Baldwin IV.¹ She died in 1003.¹

The only child of Arnulf II of Flanders and Rozala (Susanna) of Lombardy was:

+ 51. i. Baldwin IV, b. 980; m. Ogive of Luxembourg; d. 30 May 1035.

Generation Nine

41. William V Duke of Aquataine married Agnes of Burgandy, daughter of Othon Guillaume Count of Macon and Ermentrude de Roucy. He was born 969. He died on 31 Jan 1030 at Maillezaus.

Agnes of Burgandy was born between 0990 and 0995. She died on 10 Nov 1068 at Saintes.

The only child of William V Duke of Aquataine and Agnes of Burgandy was:

+ 52. i. Agnes, b. circa 1025; m. Henry III Holy Roman Emperor; d. 14 Dec 1077.

42. Gisèle Capet married Hugh I of Ponthieu, son of Hildouin III de Ponthieu and Hersende la Pieusse de Ramerupt Countess of Arcis.

Hugh I of Ponthieu was also known as Hugo Miles.⁵ He was 1st Count of Ponthieu.⁵

The only child of Gisèle Capet and Hugh I of Ponthieu was:

+ 53. i. Enguerrand I, m. Adelaide; d. circa 1045.

43. Robert II of France was also known as Robert the Pious.⁶ He married Constance of Arles. He was born 27 Mar 972. He died on 20 Jul 1031 at age 59.

Constance of Arles was born 986. She died in 1034.

The two children of Robert II of France and Constance of Arles were as follows:

+ 54. i. Henri I, b. 4 May 1008; m. Anne of Kiev; d. 4 Aug 1060.

+ 55. ii. Adela, b. 1009; m. Baldwin V Count of Flanders; d. 8 Jan 1079.

44. Richard II of Normandy Duke married Judith of Brittany.³ He died in 1026.³

The only child of Richard II of Normandy Duke and Judith of Brittany was:

+ 56. i. Robert the Devil, m. Herleva; d. 1035.

45. Odo II of Blois married Ermengarde of Auvergne. He was born 983. He died on 15 Nov 1037.

The only child of Odo II of Blois and Ermengarde of Auvergne was:

+ 57. i. Theobald III, b. 1012; m. Gundrada; d. 1089.

49. Otto I Duke of Carinthia married Judith of Bavaria. He died in 1004.

The only child of Otto I Duke of Carinthia and Judith of Bavaria was:

+ 58. i. Henry, m. Adelaide of Alsace; d. 1000.

50. Adelaide married Enguerrand I of Ponthieu, son of Hugh I of Ponthieu and Gisèle Capet.

Enguerrand I of Ponthieu was Count of Ponthieu from 1000 to 1045.⁷ He died circa 1045.⁷ The only child of Adelaide and Enguerrand I of Ponthieu was:

+ 59. i. Hugh II, m. Bertha of Aumale.

51. Baldwin IV Count of Flanders. He succeeded his father in 987 as Baldwin IV "le Bar-bu/Pulchrae Barbae" Count of Flanders, presumably under a regency considering his youth although the name of the re-gent has not yet been identified. Hugues Capet King of France recognised Baldwin's claim to all of Flanders, including the part previously taken by King Lothaire, and also arranged his mother's second marriage to his son and heir, apparently as a reward for Flemish help when he seized power in 987.1 After Count Baldwin's mother returned to Flanders following her repudiation, France retained Montreuil-sur-Mer which provoked Flanders into joining a rebellion against King Hugues. The result was the return of Artois and Ostrevant to Flanders, although Ponthieu remained with France.¹ He married Ogive of Luxembourg. Count Baldwin established control over the northern part of the Ternois, including Thérouanne, Fauquembergues and Saint-Omer, previously under the suzerainty of the county of Boulogne. He captured the march of Valenciennes from Germany in 1006, but lost it the following year when Emperor Heinrich II invaded Flanders and captured Gent. Count Baldwin subsequently arranged an alliance with the emperor who, in 1012, helped him install a new bishop of Cambrai, enfeoffed him with the islands of Zeeland and, in 1015, with Valenciennes, The emperor, however, invaded Flanders again in 1020, supported this time by Robert King of France. Count Baldwin arranged the betrothal of his son to the French king's daughter to help restore good relations. His son rebelled against Baldwin after 1028. Count Baldwin was forced to take refuge in Normandy, where he married the duke's daughter and from where he returned to Flanders with reinforcements. His son submitted, but his father permitted him to rule jointly.¹ He was born 980. He died on 30 May 1035.¹

Ogive of Luxembourg. Her marriage to Baldwin was presumably arranged by Emperor Henry II as part of the alliance negotiated in 1012. Ogive is shown as daughter of Graf Friedrich in Europäische Stammtafeln.¹

The only child of Baldwin IV Count of Flanders and Ogive of Luxembourg was:

+ 60. i. Baldwin V, m. Adela of France, Countess of Flanders; d. 1067.

Generation Ten

52. Agnes de Poitou. Is buried at St. Peter's in Rome. She was born circa 1025. She married Henry III Holy Roman Emperor, son of Conrad II of Germany and Gisela of Swabia, on 21 Nov 1043. She died on 14 Dec 1077.

Henry III Holy Roman Emperor was born 29 Oct 1017. He died on 5 Oct 1056 at Besancon at age 38.

The only child of Agnes de Poitou and Henry III Holy Roman Emperor was:

+ 61. i. Henry IV, b. 11 Nov 1050; m. Bertha of Savoy; d. 7 Aug 1106.

53. Enguerrand I of Ponthieu married Adelaide, daughter of Arnulf Count of Holland and Lutgard of Luxemburg. He was Count of Ponthieu from 1000 to 1045.⁷ He died circa 1045.⁷

The only child of Enguerrand I of Ponthieu and Adelaide was:

62. i. Hugh II, m. Bertha of Aumale. (see # 59.).

54. Henri I of France married Anne of Kiev. He was born 4 May 1008. He died on 4 Aug 1060 at age 52.

The only child of Henri I of France and Anne of Kiev was:

+ 63. i. Philip I, b. 23 May 1052; m. Bertha of Holland; m. Bertrade de Montfort; d. 29 Jul 1108.

55. Adela of France, Countess of Flanders was also known as Adela Capet.⁶ She was also known as Adela of France.⁶ She was also known as Adela of Flanders. She was born 1009.⁶ She married Baldwin V Count of Flanders, son of Baldwin IV Count of Flanders and Ogive of Luxembourg, in 1028.³ She died on 8 Jan 1079.⁶

Baldwin V Count of Flanders. On the death of Henri I King of France in 1060, Count Baldwin became regent of France for his nephew King Philippe I.¹ Count Baldwin V & his wife had three children. All of whom were ancestors of Katherine and Anna. He died in 1067.

The three children of Adela of France, Countess of Flanders and Baldwin V Count of Flanders were as follows:

+ 64. i. Baldwin VI, b. 1030; m. Richilde of Hainaut; d. 17 Jul 1070.

- + 65. ii. Matilda of Flanders, b. circa 1031 at Flanders, France; m. William I the Conqueror King of England; d. 2 Nov 1083 at Caen; bur. at Holy Trinity, Abbey, Caen.
- + 66. iii. Robert I, b. circa 1033; m. Gertrude of Saxony; d. 1093.

56. Robert the Devil Duke married Herleva.³ He died in 1035.³

The only child of Robert the Devil Duke and Herleva was:

+ 67. i. William I the Conqueror, b. 1027 at Falaise, Normandy, France; m. Matilda of Flanders; d. 7 Sep 1087 at Near Rouen, France; bur. at St Stephen Abbey, Caen, Normandy.

57. Theobald III Count of Blois married Gundrada. He was born 1012. He died in 1089.

The only child of Theobald III Count of Blois and Gundrada was:

+ 68. i. Stephen II, m. Adela of Normandy; d. 19 May 1102 at Ramla, Palestine.

58. Henry of Speyer married Adelaide of Alsace. He died in 1000.

Adelaide of Alsace died in 1046.

The only child of Henry of Speyer and Adelaide of Alsace is:

+ 69. i. Conrad II, m. Gisela of Swabia.

59. Hugh II of Ponthieu married Bertha of Aumale. He was Count of Ponthieu from 1045 to 1052.8

The only child of Hugh II of Ponthieu and Bertha of Aumale was:

+ 70. i. Enguerrand II, m. Adelaide of Normandy.

60. Baldwin V Count of Flanders. Count Baldwin V & his wife had three children. All of whom were ancestors of Katherine and Anna. On the death of Henri I King of France in 1060, Count Baldwin became regent of France for his nephew King Philippe I.¹ He married Adela of France, Countess of Flanders, daughter of Robert II of France and Constance of Arles, in 1028.³ He died in 1067.

Adela of France, Countess of Flanders was also known as Adèle of France.⁶ She was also known as Adela of Flanders. She was also known as Adela Capet.⁶ She was born 1009.⁶ She died on 8 Jan 1079.⁶

The three children of Baldwin V Count of Flanders and Adela of France, Countess of Flanders were as follows:

- 71. i. Baldwin VI, b. 1030; m. Richilde of Hainaut; d. 17 Jul 1070. (see # 64.).
- 72. ii. Matilda of Flanders, b. circa 1031 at Flanders, France; m. William I the Conqueror King of England; d. 2 Nov 1083 at Caen; bur. at Holy Trinity, Abbey, Caen. (see # 65.).
- 73. iii. Robert I, b. circa 1033; m. Gertrude of Saxony; d. 1093. (see # 66.).

Generation Eleven

61. Henry IV Holy Roman Emperor married Bertha of Savoy, daughter of Otto of Savoy and Adelaide of Susa. Was forced to abdicate in 1105. He was born 11 Nov 1050. He died on 7 Aug 1106 at age 55.

Bertha of Savoy was born 21 Sep 1051. She died on 27 Dec 1087 at Mainz at age 36.

The only child of Henry IV Holy Roman Emperor and Bertha of Savoy was:

+ 74. i. Agnes, b. 1072; m. Frederick I Duke of Swabia; d. 24 Sep 1173.

63. Philip I King of France was born 23 May 1052. He married Bertha of Holland in 1072. He married Bertrade de Montfort on 15 May 1092. Philip first married Bertha, daughter of Floris I, Count of Holland, in 1072. Although the marriage produced the necessary heir, Philip fell in love with Bertrade de Montfort, the wife of Count Fulk IV of Anjou. He repudiated Bertha (claiming she was too fat) and married Bertrade on 15 May 1092. In 1094, he was excommunicated by Hugh, Archbishop of Lyon, for the first time; after a long silence, Pope Urban II repeated the excommunication at the Council of Clermont in November 1095. Several times the ban was lifted as Philip promised to part with Bertrade, but he always returned to her, and after 1104, the ban was not repeated. He was forbidden from participating in the First Crusade as he had been excommunicated.⁹ He died on 29 Jul 1108 at age 56.

The only child of Philip I King of France and Bertha of Holland was:

+ 75. i. Louis VI, b. 1 Dec 1081; m. Adelaide of Maurienne; d. 1 May 1137. Bertrade de Montfort married Fulk IV of Anjou.

There were no children of Philip I King of France and Bertrade de Montfort.

64. Baldwin VI Count of Flanders was also known as Baldwin I Count of Hainaut. He married Richilde of Hainaut. He was born 1030. He died on 17 Jul 1070.

Richilde of Hainaut. Was possibly a niece of Pope Leo IX.

The only child of Baldwin VI Count of Flanders and Richilde of Hainaut was:

+ 76. i. Baldwin II, b. 1056; m. Ida de Louvain; d. 1098.

65. Matilda of Flanders was buried at Holy Trinity, Abbey, Caen.³ She was born circa 1031 at Flanders, France.³ She married William I the Conqueror King of England, son of Robert the Devil Duke and Herleva, in 1053.³ She died on 2 Nov 1083 at Caen.³

William I the Conqueror King of England was buried at St Stephen Abbey, Caen, Normandy.³ He was born 1027 at Falaise, Normandy, France.³ He died on 7 Sep 1087 at Near Rouen, France.³

The only child of Matilda of Flanders and William I the Conqueror King of England was:

+ 77. i. Henry I (Beauclerc), b. circa Sep 1068 at Selby, Yorkshire, England; m. Matilda (Edith) of Scotland; d. 1 Dec 1135 at St Denis-le-, Fermont, Near Gisors; bur. at Reading Abbey.

66. Robert I Count of Flanders married Gertrude of Saxony. He was born circa 1033. He died in 1093.

The only child of Robert I Count of Flanders and Gertrude of Saxony is:

+ 78. i. Gertrude, m. Thierry Duke of Lorraine.

67. William I the Conqueror King of England was buried at St Stephen Abbey, Caen, Normandy.³ He was born 1027 at Falaise, Normandy, France.³ He married Matilda of Flanders, daughter of Baldwin V Count of Flanders and Adela of France, Countess of Flanders, in 1053.³ He died on 7 Sep 1087 at Near Rouen, France.³

Matilda of Flanders was buried at Holy Trinity, Abbey, Caen.³ She was born circa 1031 at Flanders, France.³ She died on 2 Nov 1083 at Caen.³

The only child of William I the Conqueror King of England and Matilda of Flanders was:

i. Henry I (Beauclerc), b. circa Sep 1068 at Selby, Yorkshire, England; m. Matilda (Edith) of Scotland; d. 1 Dec 1135 at St Denis-le-, Fermont, Near Gisors; bur. at Reading Abbey. (see # 77.).

68. Stephen II Count of Blois married Adela of Normandy. He was also known as Etienne de Blois. Count Stephen was one of the leaders of the First Crusade, often writing enthusiastic letters to Adela about the crusade's progress. He returned home in 1098 during the lengthy siege of Antioch, without fulfilling his crusading vow to forge a way to Jerusalem. He was pressured by Adela into making a second pilgrimage, and joined the minor crusade of 1101 in the company of others who had also returned home prematurely. In 1102, Stephen was killed in the Battle of Ramla at the age of fifty-seven.¹⁰ He died on 19 May 1102 at Ramla, Palestine.¹¹

Adela of Normandy was daughter of William the Conqueror.

The two children of Stephen II Count of Blois and Adela of Normandy were as follows:

+ 80. i. Theobald IV, b. 1090; m. Matilda of Carinthia; d. 1151.

+ 81. ii. Stephen, b. circa 1096; m. Matilda I of Boulogne; d. 25 Oct 1154.

69. Conrad II of Germany married Gisela of Swabia.

The only child of Conrad II of Germany and Gisela of Swabia was:

+ 82. i. Henry III, b. 29 Oct 1017; m. Agnes de Poitou; d. 5 Oct 1056 at Besancon.

70. Enguerrand II Count of Ponthieu married Adelaide of Normandy, daughter of Herleva. He was Count of Ponthieu from 1052 to 1053.¹²

The only child of Enguerrand II Count of Ponthieu and Adelaide of Normandy was:

+ 83. i. Guy I, b. between 1025 and 1029; d. 13 Oct 1100.

Generation Twelve

74. Agnes of Germany was born 1072. She married Frederick I Duke of Swabia in 1089. She died on 24 Sep 1173. The only child of Agnes of Germany and Frederick I Duke of Swabia was:

+ 84. i. Friederich II, b. 1090; m. Judith of Bavaria; d. 6 Apr 1147.

75. Louis VI King of France married Adelaide of Maurienne. He was born 1 Dec 1081. He died on 1 May 1137 at age 55.

Adelaide of Maurienne was born 1092. She died on 18 Nov 1154.

The only child of Louis VI King of France and Adelaide of Maurienne was:

+ 85. i. Louis VII, b. 1120; m. Eleanor of Aquitaine; m. Constance of Castile; m. Adela of Champagne; d. 18 Sep 1180.

76. Baldwin II Count of Hainaut married Ida de Louvain, daughter of Henry II Count of Louvain and Adela in der Betuwe. He was also known as Baudouin of Flanders. He was born 1056. Was killed near Nikaia during the First Crusade. He died in 1098.

The only child of Baldwin II Count of Hainaut and Ida de Louvain is:

+ 86. i. Baldwin III, m. Yolande van Gelderland.

77. Henry I (Beauclerc) King of England was buried at Reading Abbey.³ He was born circa Sep 1068 at Selby, Yorkshire, England.³ He married Matilda (Edith) of Scotland, daughter of Malcolm III Canmore King of Scotland and St Margaret, on 6 Aug 1100 at Westminster Abbey, London, England.³ He died on 1 Dec 1135 at St Denis-le-, Fermont, Near Gisors.³

Matilda (Edith) of Scotland was buried at Westminster Abbey, London, England.³ She was born 1080 at Dunfermline.³ She died on 1 May 1118 at Westminster Palace, London, England.³

The only child of Henry I (Beauclerc) King of England and Matilda (Edith) of Scotland was:

+ 87. i. Matilda, b. circa Nov 1103 at Winchester; m. Geoffrey V Plantagenet Count of Anjou; d. 10 Sep 1167 at Rouen.

78. Gertrude of Flanders married Thierry Duke of Lorraine. She was sister of Robert II of Flanders. Robert joined the First Crusade, launched by Pope Urban II in 1095.¹³

The only child of Gertrude of Flanders and Thierry Duke of Lorraine was:

+ 88. i. Thierry, b. between 1099 and 1101; m. Sibylla of Anjou; d. 17 Jan 1168 at Gravelines.

80. Theobald IV Count of Blois married Matilda of Carinthia, daughter of Englebert Duke of Carinthia and Uta of Passau. He was born 1090. He died in 1151.

Matilda of Carinthia was also known as Mathilde von Sponheim. She died on 13 Dec 1160.

The only child of Theobald IV Count of Blois and Matilda of Carinthia was:

+ 89. i. Adela, b. circa 1140; m. Louis VII King of France; d. 4 Jun 1206.

81. Stephen King of England married Matilda I of Boulogne. He was the last Norman King of England. He reigned from 1135 to 1154 and was succeeded by his rival's son Henry II, the first of the Angevin or Plantagenet kings. Stephen was also the Count of Boulogne jure uxoris. He was born circa 1096. He died on 25 Oct 1154.

Matilda I of Boulogne. She was born in Boulogne, France, the daughter of Count Eustace III of Boulogne and his wife Mary of Scotland, herself the daughter of King Malcolm III of Scotland and Saint Margaret of Scotland. She was born circa 1103. She died on 3 May 1152.

The only child of Stephen King of England and Matilda I of Boulogne was:

+ 90. i. Marie, b. 1136; m. Mathieu de Flandre; d. 1182.

82. Henry III Holy Roman Emperor was born 29 Oct 1017. He married Agnes de Poitou, daughter of William V Duke of Aquataine and Agnes of Burgandy, on 21 Nov 1043. He died on 5 Oct 1056 at Besancon at age 38.

Agnes de Poitou. Is buried at St. Peter's in Rome. She was born circa 1025. She died on 14 Dec 1077.

The only child of Henry III Holy Roman Emperor and Agnes de Poitou was:

91. i. Henry IV, b. 11 Nov 1050; m. Bertha of Savoy; d. 7 Aug 1106. (see # 61.).

83. Guy I Count of Ponthieu was born between 1025 and 1029. He died on 13 Oct 1100.¹⁴

Children of Guy I Count of Ponthieu include:

+ 92. i. Agnes, b. circa 1080; m. Robert de Bellême, 3rd Earl of Shrewsbury; d. after 1105.

Generation Thirteen

84. Friederich II Duke of Swabia married Judith of Bavaria. He was born 1090. He died on 6 Apr 1147. The only child of Friederich II Duke of Swabia and Judith of Bavaria was:

+ 93. i. Frederick Barbarossa, b. 1122; m. Beatrix de Bourgogne; d. 1190.

85. Louis VII King of France was born 1120. He married Eleanor of Aquitaine, daughter of William X Duke of Aquitaine and Aenor de Chattelerault, on 22 Jul 1137 at Bordeaux.¹ After the fall of Edessa in 1146, Pope Eugenius III addressed a bull to Louis VII 1 Dec 1145 urging a new crusade. He assembled his army at Metz 15 Jun 1147, and arrived in Constantinople 4 Oct 1147. He left the government in the hands of Suger Abbé de Saint-Denis, his brother Henri Archbishop of Reims and his cousin Rudolf Count of Vermandois. Although the crusade failed in its aim to capture Damascus, Louis VII gained much prestige as the first western king to lead a crusading army. After leaving Palestine in Summer 1149, he landed in Calabria where he discussed launching a new crusade aimed at taking vengeance on Byzantium with Roger II King of Sicily and Pope Eugenius III, but the scheme was later dropped for lack of support from Conrad III King of Germany who had entered an alliance with Emperor Manuel I. He arrived back in Paris at the end of 1149.¹ He married Constance of Castile in 1154 at Orléans.¹ He married Adela of Champagne, daughter of Theobald IV Count of Blois and Matilda of Carinthia, on 13 Nov 1160 at Paris.¹ He died on 18 Sep 1180.

Eleanor of Aquitaine was buried at Fontevraud.³ She was born circa 1122 at Bordeaux/Berlin.³ She married Henry II (Curtmantle) King of England, son of Geoffrey V Plantagenet Count of Anjou and Matilda, on 18 May 1152 at Bordeaux, France.³ She died on 1 Apr 1204 at Fontevraud.³

There were no children of Louis VII King of France and Eleanor of Aquitaine.

The only child of Louis VII King of France and Constance of Castile was:

+ 94. i. Alys, b. 4 Oct 1160 at France; m. William IV Count of Ponthieu; d. circa 1220.

Adela of Champagne was also known as Alix de Blois. She was born circa 1140. She died on 4 Jun 1206.

- The only child of Louis VII King of France and Adela of Champagne is:
 - + 95. i. Philipe Augustus, m. Isabelle of Hainaut.

86. Baldwin III Count of Hainaut married Yolande van Gelderland.

The only child of Baldwin III Count of Hainaut and Yolande van Gelderland was:

+ 96. i. Baldwin IV, b. 1108; m. Alice of Namur; d. 8 Nov 1171.

87. Matilda was born circa Nov 1103 at Winchester.³ She married Geoffrey V Plantagenet Count of Anjou, son of Fulk of Jerusalem and Aremburge de Maine, on 22 May 1127 at Le Mans.³ She died on 10 Sep 1167 at Rouen.³

Geoffrey V Plantagenet Count of Anjou died on 7 Sep 1151 at Chateau-du-Loir.³

The only child of Matilda and Geoffrey V Plantagenet Count of Anjou was:

+ 97. i. Henry II (Curtmantle), b. 25 Mar 1133 at Le Mans; m. Eleanor of Aquitaine; d. 6 Jul 1189 at Chinon; bur. at Fontevraud Abbey.

88. Thierry Count of Flanders married Sibylla of Anjou, daughter of Fulk of Jerusalem and Aremburge de Maine. He was also known as Thierry de Lorraine. He was born between 1099 and 1101. He died on 17 Jan 1168 at Gravelines.

Sibylla of Anjou. In 1123 Sibylla married to William Clito, son of the Norman Robert Curthose and future Count of Flanders. Sibylla brought the County of Maine to this marriage, which was annulled in 1124 on grounds of consanguinity. The annulment was made by Pope Honorius II upon request from Henry I of England, William's uncle; Fulk opposed it and did not consent until Honorius excommunicated him and placed an interdict over Anjou. Sibylla then accompanied her widower father to the crusader Kingdom of Jerusalem, where he married Melisende, the heiress of the kingdom, and became king himself in 1131. In 1139 she married Thierry, Count of Flanders, who had arrived on his first pilgrimage to the Holy Land.

She returned to Flanders with her new husband, and during his absence on the Second Crusade the pregnant Sibylla acted as regent of the county. Baldwin IV, Count of Hainaut took the opportunity to attack Flanders, but Sibylla led a counterattack and pillaged Hainaut. In response Baldwin ravaged Artois. The archbishop of Reims intervened and a truce was signed, but Thierry took vengeance on Baldwin when he returned in 1149.

In 1157 she travelled with Thierry on his third pilgrimage, but after arriving in Jerusalem she separated from her husband and refused to return home with him. She became a nun at the convent of St. Lazarus in Bethany, where her step-aunt, Ioveta of Bethany, was abbess. Ioveta and Sibylla supported Queen Melisende and held some influence over the church, and supported the election of Amalric of Nesle as Latin Patriarch of Jerusalem over a number of other candidates. Sibylla died in Bethany in 1165.

¹⁵ She was also known as Sibylle d'Anjou.

The two children of Thierry Count of Flanders and Sibylla of Anjou were as follows:

- + 98. i. Margaret I, m. Baldwin V Count of Hainaut; d. 15 Nov 1194.
- + 99. ii. Mathieu, b. 1137; m. Marie of Boulogne; d. 25 Dec 1173 at Battle of Driencourt.

89. Adela of Champagne was also known as Alix de Blois. She was born circa 1140. She married Louis VII King of France, son of Louis VI King of France and Adelaide of Maurienne, on 13 Nov 1160 at Paris.¹ She died on 4 Jun 1206.

Louis VII King of France was born 1120. He married Eleanor of Aquitaine, daughter of William X Duke of Aquitaine and Aenor de Chattelerault, on 22 Jul 1137 at Bordeaux.¹ After the fall of Edessa in 1146, Pope Eugenius III addressed a bull to Louis VII 1 Dec 1145 urging a new crusade. He assembled his army at Metz 15 Jun 1147, and arrived in Constantinople 4 Oct 1147. He left the government in the hands of Suger Abbé de Saint-Denis, his brother Henri Archbishop of Reims and his cousin Rudolf Count of Vermandois. Although the crusade failed in its aim to capture Damascus, Louis VII gained much prestige as the first western king to lead a crusading army. After leaving Palestine in Summer 1149, he landed in Calabria where he discussed launching a new crusade aimed at taking vengeance on Byzantium with Roger II King of Sicily and Pope Eugenius III, but the scheme was later dropped for lack of support from Conrad III King of Germany who had entered an alliance with Emperor Manuel I. He arrived back in Paris at the end of 1149.¹ He married Constance of Castile in 1154 at Orléans.¹ He died on 18 Sep 1180.

The only child of Adela of Champagne and Louis VII King of France is:

100. i. Philipe Augustus, m. Isabelle of Hainaut. (see # 95.).

90. Marie of Boulogne was also known as Marie de Blois. Marie was born to King Stephen of England and his wife Matilda I, Countess of Boulogne. At an early age, she was apparently placed in a convent, but she became her childless brother William's heir in 1159. Since she was the heiress to the county of Boulogne, she was forced to leave her convent and married off to Matthew of Alsace (Matthias)(c.1130-1173), who would become Count of Boulogne and co-ruler (1160) through his marriage to her. The marriage was not a great success, although they reigned together until their divorce in 1170 and produced two daughters together. She was born 1136. She married Mathieu de Flandre, son of Thierry Count of Flanders and Sibylla of Anjou, in 1160. She died in 1182.

Mathieu de Flandre was also known as Matthew of Alsace. He was born 1137. The marriage of he and an unknown person was annulled between 1169 and 1170. He died on 25 Dec 1173 at Battle of Driencourt.

The only child of Marie of Boulogne and Mathieu de Flandre was:

+ 101. i. Mathilde, b. 1170; m. Henri I Duke of Brabant; d. 16 Oct 1210 at Louvain.

92. Agnes of Ponthieu married Robert de Bellême, 3rd Earl of Shrewsbury, son of Robert de Montgomerie, 1st Earl of Shrewsbury and Mabel de Bellême. She was born circa 1080.¹⁶ She died after 1105.¹⁶

Robert de Bellême, 3rd Earl of Shrewsbury was also known as Robert II de Montgomery, seigneur of Belleme.¹⁷ He was born 1052.¹⁷ He died after 1130.¹⁷

The only child of Agnes of Ponthieu and Robert de Bellême, 3rd Earl of Shrewsbury was:

+ 102. i. William III, b. circa 1095; m. Ala of Burgandy; d. 20 Jun 1172.

Generation Fourteen

93. Frederick Barbarossa King of Germany was also known as Friederich von Staufen. He married Beatrix de Bourgogne, daughter of Renaud III Count of Bourgogne and Agathe de Lorraine. He was born 1122. He died in 1190. Beatrix de Bourgogne was born 1145 at Jolhe. She died on 15 Nov 1184 at Dole.

The only child of Frederick Barbarossa King of Germany and Beatrix de Bourgogne was:

+ 103. i. Phillip I, b. 1177; m. Maria of Byzantium; d. 1208 at Bamberg.

94. Alys Countess of Vexin was born 4 Oct 1160 at France.¹⁸ She married William IV Count of Ponthieu, son of John I of Ponthieu and Beatrice of Saint-Pol, on 20 Aug 1195. She died circa 1220.¹⁸

William IV Count of Ponthieu was born 1179.19 He died on 4 Oct 1221.19

The only child of Alys Countess of Vexin and William IV Count of Ponthieu was:

+ 104. i. Marie, b. 17 Apr 1186; m. Simon de Dammartin Count of Ponthieu; d. 1251.

95. Philipe Augustus King of France married Isabelle of Hainaut, daughter of Baldwin V Count of Hainaut and Margaret I of Flanders.

Isabelle of Hainaut was born 5 Apr 1170 at Valenciennes. She died on 15 Mar 1190 at Paris at age 19.

The only child of Philipe Augustus King of France and Isabelle of Hainaut was:

+ 105. i. Louis VIII, b. 5 Sep 1187; m. Blanche of Castille; d. 8 Nov 1226.

96. Baldwin IV Count of Hainaut married Alice of Namur, daughter of Godfrey I of Namur and Ermesinda dau. of Conrad I of Luxembourg. He was born 1108. He died on 8 Nov 1171.

The only child of Baldwin IV Count of Hainaut and Alice of Namur was:

+ 106. i. Baldwin V, b. 1150; m. Margaret I of Flanders; d. 17 Dec 1195.

97. Henry II (Curtmantle) King of England was buried at Fontevraud Abbey.³ He was born 25 Mar 1133 at Le Mans.³ He married Eleanor of Aquitaine, daughter of William X Duke of Aquitaine and Aenor de Chattelerault, on 18 May 1152 at Bordeaux, France.³ He died on 6 Jul 1189 at Chinon at age 56.³

Eleanor of Aquitaine was buried at Fontevraud.³ She was born circa 1122 at Bordeaux/Berlin.³ She married Louis VII King of France, son of Louis VI King of France and Adelaide of Maurienne, on 22 Jul 1137 at Bordeaux.¹ She died on 1 Apr 1204 at Fontevraud.³

The two children of Henry II (Curtmantle) King of England and Eleanor of Aquitaine were as follows:

- + 107. i. Eleanor, b. 13 Oct 1162 at Domfront, Normandy; m. Alfonso VIII King of Castile; d. 31 Oct 1214 at Burgos.
- + 108. ii. John (Lackland), b. 24 Dec 1167 at Beaumont Palace, Oxford, England; m. Isabel of Gloucester; m. Isabella of Angouleme; d. 19 Oct 1216 at Newark Castle, Newark, Nottinghamshire, England; bur. at Worcester Cathedral.

98. Margaret I of Flanders married Baldwin V Count of Hainaut, son of Baldwin IV Count of Hainaut and Alice of Namur, in 1169. She died on 15 Nov 1194.

Baldwin V Count of Hainaut was also known as Baldwin VIII Count of Flanders. He was born 1150. He died on 17 Dec 1195.

The only child of Margaret I of Flanders and Baldwin V Count of Hainaut was:

+ 109. i. Isabelle, b. 5 Apr 1170 at Valenciennes; m. Philipe Augustus King of France; d. 15 Mar 1190 at Paris.

99. Mathieu de Flandre was also known as Matthew of Alsace. He was born 1137. He married Marie of Boulogne, daughter of Stephen King of England and Matilda I of Boulogne, in 1160. The marriage of he and an unknown person was annulled between 1169 and 1170. He died on 25 Dec 1173 at Battle of Driencourt.

Marie of Boulogne was also known as Marie de Blois. Marie was born to King Stephen of England and his wife Matilda I, Countess of Boulogne. At an early age, she was apparently placed in a convent, but she became her childless brother William's heir in 1159. Since she was the heiress to the county of Boulogne, she was forced to leave her convent and married off to Matthew of Alsace (Matthias)(c.1130-1173), who would become Count of Boulogne and co-ruler (1160) through his marriage to her. The marriage was not a great success, although they reigned together until their divorce in 1170 and produced two daughters together. She was born 1136. She died in 1182.

The only child of Mathieu de Flandre and Marie of Boulogne was:

110. i. Mathilde, b. 1170; m. Henri I Duke of Brabant; d. 16 Oct 1210 at Louvain. (see # 101.).

101. Mathilde of Boulogne married Henri I Duke of Brabant, son of Godfrey III of Leuven and Margaret of Limburg. She was born 1170. She died on 16 Oct 1210 at Louvain.

The only child of Mathilde of Boulogne and Henri I Duke of Brabant was:

+ 111. i. Henri II, b. 1207; m. Maria of Hohenstaufen; d. 1 Feb 1248 at Leuven.

102. William III of Ponthieu married Ala of Burgandy.²⁰ <blockquote>He assumed the county of Ponthieu some time before 1111, upon the death of his mother. His father escaped capture at the battle of Tinchebrai in 1106; but later, as envoy for King Louis of France, he went to the English court and was arrested by King Henry of England and was never released from prison. William was naturally driven by this to oppose King Henry, and his allegiance to count Geoffrey of Anjou caused Henry to seize certain of William's castles in Normandy.</br/>/blockquote>²⁰ He was born circa 1095.²⁰ He died on 20 Jun 1172.²⁰

Ala of Burgandy was also known as Helie of Burgandy.²⁰

The only child of William III of Ponthieu and Ala of Burgandy was:

+ 112. i. Guy II, b. circa 1120; d. 1147.

Generation Fifteen

103. Phillip I King of Germany. He was murdered at Bamberg, on June 21, 1208, by Otto of Wittelsbach, count palatine in Bavaria, to whom he had refused the hand of one of his daughters. He was also known as Phillip von Staufen, Duke of Swabia. He married Maria of Byzantium, daughter of Isaac II Angelos Byzantine Emperor and Eirene Tornikaina. He was born 1177. He died in 1208 at Bamberg.

Maria of Byzantium was also known as Irene Angelina. In 1193 she married Roger III of Sicily, but he died on 24 December 1193. Irene was captured in the German invasion of Sicily on 29 December 1194 and was married on 25 May 1197 to Philip of Swabia. In Germany, she was renamed Maria. Her father, who had been deposed in 1195, urged her to get Philip's support for his reinstatement; her brother, Alexius, subsequently spent some time at Philip's court during the preparations for the Fourth Crusade. She thus had an early influence on the eventual diversion of the Crusade to Constantinople in 1204. She was born 1181. She died in 1208.

The only child of Phillip I King of Germany and Maria of Byzantium was:

+ 113. i. Maria, b. between 1199 and 1200; m. Henri II Duke of Brabant; d. before 1235 at Louvain.

104. Marie Talvas Countess of Ponthieu was born 17 Apr 1186.²¹ She married Simon de Dammartin Count of Ponthieu circa 1215.²¹ She died in 1251.²¹

Simon de Dammartin Count of Ponthieu was born 1251. He died in 1276.

The only child of Marie Talvas Countess of Ponthieu and Simon de Dammartin Count of Ponthieu was:

+ 114. i. Jeanne, b. 1216; m. Ferdinand III King of Castile; d. 16 Mar 1279 at Abbeville.

105. Louis VIII King of France was born 5 Sep 1187. He married Blanche of Castille, daughter of Alfonso VIII King of Castile and Eleanor, on 23 May 1200. He died on 8 Nov 1226 at age 39.

The only child of Louis VIII King of France and Blanche of Castille was:

+ 115. i. Robert I, b. 1216; m. Matilda of Brabant; d. 8 Feb 1250 at al Mansurah, Egypt.

106. Baldwin V Count of Hainaut was also known as Baldwin VIII Count of Flanders. He was born 1150. He married Margaret I of Flanders, daughter of Thierry Count of Flanders and Sibylla of Anjou, in 1169. He died on 17 Dec 1195. Margaret I of Flanders died on 15 Nov 1194.

The only child of Baldwin V Count of Hainaut and Margaret I of Flanders was:

 Isabelle, b. 5 Apr 1170 at Valenciennes; m. Philipe Augustus King of France; d. 15 Mar 1190 at Paris. (see # 109.).

107. Eleanor was also known as Leonora of England. She was born 13 Oct 1162 at Domfront, Normandy.³ She married Alfonso VIII King of Castile, son of Sancho III King of Castile, in Sep 1170 at Burgos.³ She died on 31 Oct 1214 at Burgos at age 52.³

Alfonso VIII King of Castile was born 1155.³ He died in 1214.³

The two children of Eleanor and Alfonso VIII King of Castile were as follows:

- + 117. i. Blanche, m. Louis VIII King of France.
- + 118. ii. Berengaria, b. 1171; div. Alfonso IX King of Castile; m. Alfonso IX King of Castile; d. 1246.

108. John (Lackland) King of England was buried at Worcester Cathedral.³ He was born 24 Dec 1167 at Beaumont Palace, Oxford, England.³ He married Isabel of Gloucester on 29 Aug 1189 at Marlebridge.³ The marriage of he and Isabel of Gloucester was annulled circa 1199.²² He married Isabella of Angouleme, daughter of Aymer of Angouleme Taillefer Count and Alice de Courtenay, on 24 Aug 1200 at Bordeaux.³ He died on 19 Oct 1216 at Newark Castle, Newark, Nottinghamshire, England, at age 48.³

There were no children of John (Lackland) King of England and Isabel of Gloucester.

Isabella of Angouleme was buried at Fontevraud Abbey.³ She was born circa 1188 at Angouleme.³ She died on 31 May 1246 at Fontevraud.³

The only child of John (Lackland) King of England and Isabella of Angouleme was:

+ 119. i. Henry III, b. 1 Oct 1207 at Winchester, Castle; m. Eleanor of Provence; d. 16 Nov 1272 at Westminster Palace, London, England; bur. at Westminster Abbey, London, England.

109. Isabelle of Hainaut married Philipe Augustus King of France, son of Louis VII King of France and Adela of Champagne. She was born 5 Apr 1170 at Valenciennes. She died on 15 Mar 1190 at Paris at age 19.

The only child of Isabelle of Hainaut and Philipe Augustus King of France was:

120. i. Louis VIII, b. 5 Sep 1187; m. Blanche of Castille; d. 8 Nov 1226. (see # 105.).

111. Henri II Duke of Brabant was born 1207. He married Maria of Hohenstaufen, daughter of Phillip I King of Germany and Maria of Byzantium, in 1215. He died on 1 Feb 1248 at Leuven.

Maria of Hohenstaufen was born between 1199 and 1200. She died before 1235 at Louvain.

The only child of Henri II Duke of Brabant and Maria of Hohenstaufen was:

+ 121. i. Matilda, b. 1224; m. Robert I of Artois; d. 29 Sep 1288.

112. Guy II of Ponthieu was born circa 1120.²³ He died in 1147 on the Second Crusade.²³ Children of Guy II of Ponthieu include:

+ 122. i. John I, b. circa 1140; m. Beatrice of Saint-Pol; d. 1191.

Generation Sixteen

113. Maria of Hohenstaufen was born between 1199 and 1200. She married Henri II Duke of Brabant, son of Henri I Duke of Brabant and Mathilde of Boulogne, in 1215. She died before 1235 at Louvain.

Henri II Duke of Brabant was born 1207. He died on 1 Feb 1248 at Leuven.

The only child of Maria of Hohenstaufen and Henri II Duke of Brabant was:

123. i. Matilda, b. 1224; m. Robert I of Artois; d. 29 Sep 1288. (see # 121.).

114. Jeanne Countess of Ponthieu was born 1216.²⁴ She married Ferdinand III King of Castile, son of Alfonso IX King of Castile and Berengaria, in 1252.²⁴ She died on 16 Mar 1279 at Abbeville.²⁴

Ferdinand III King of Castile was born 1199.³ He died in 1252.³

The only child of Jeanne Countess of Ponthieu and Ferdinand III King of Castile was:

+ 124. i. Eleanor of Castile, b. circa 1244 at Castile; m. Edward I (Longshanks) King of England; d. 24 Nov 1290 at Herdeby, Near Grantham, Lincolnshire; bur. at Westminster Abbey, London, England.

115. Robert I of Artois married Matilda of Brabant, daughter of Henri II Duke of Brabant and Maria of Hohenstaufen. He was born 1216. He was killed in Egypt during the 7th Crusade with fighting at al Mansurah with the Templars. He died on 8 Feb 1250 at al Mansurah, Egypt.

Matilda of Brabant was born 1224. She died on 29 Sep 1288.

The only child of Robert I of Artois and Matilda of Brabant was:

+ 125. i. Blanche, b. 1248; m. Edmund Crouchback, 1st Earl of Lancaster; d. 2 May 1302.

117. Blanche of Castille married Louis VIII King of France, son of Philipe Augustus King of France and Isabelle of Hainaut, on 23 May 1200.

Louis VIII King of France was born 5 Sep 1187. He died on 8 Nov 1226 at age 39.

The only child of Blanche of Castille and Louis VIII King of France was:

126. i. Robert I, b. 1216; m. Matilda of Brabant; d. 8 Feb 1250 at al Mansurah, Egypt. (see # 115.).

118. Berengaria and Alfonso IX King of Castile were divorced.³ She was born 1171.³ She married Alfonso IX King of Castile in 1197.³ She died in 1246.³

Alfonso IX King of Castile died in 1230.³

The only child of Berengaria and Alfonso IX King of Castile was:

+ 127. i. Ferdinand III, b. 1199; m. Jeanne Countess of Ponthieu; d. 1252.

119. Henry III King of England was buried at Westminster Abbey, London, England.³ He was born 1 Oct 1207 at Winchester, Castle.³ He married Eleanor of Provence, daughter of Raymond Count of Provence and Beatrice of Savoy, on 4 Jan 1236 at Canterbury, Cathedral.³ He died on 16 Nov 1272 at Westminster Palace, London, England, at age 65.³

Eleanor of Provence was buried at Convent Church, Amesbury.³ She was born circa 1217 at Aix-en-Provence.³ She died on 24 Jun 1291 at Amesbury, Wiltshire.³

The two children of Henry III King of England and Eleanor of Provence were as follows:

 + 128.
 i. Edward I (Longshanks), b. 17 Jun 1239 at Westminster Palace, London, England; m. Eleanor of Castile; m. Marguerite of France; d. 7 Jul 1307 at Burgh-by-Sands, Cumberland, England; bur. at Westminster Abbey, London, England.

+ 129. ii. Edmund, b. 16 Jan 1245 at London; m. Blanche of Artois; d. 5 Jun 1296 at Bayonne.

121. Matilda of Brabant married Robert I of Artois, son of Louis VIII King of France and Blanche of Castille. She was born 1224. She died on 29 Sep 1288.

Robert I of Artois was born 1216. He was killed in Egypt during the 7th Crusade with fighting at al Mansurah with the Templars. He died on 8 Feb 1250 at al Mansurah, Egypt.

The only child of Matilda of Brabant and Robert I of Artois was:

130. i. Blanche, b. 1248; m. Edmund Crouchback, 1st Earl of Lancaster; d. 2 May 1302. (see # 125.).

122. John I of Ponthieu married Beatrice of Saint-Pol. He was born circa 1140.²⁵ He died in 1191.²⁵ The only child of John I of Ponthieu and Beatrice of Saint-Pol was:

+ 131. i. William IV, b. 1179; m. Alys Countess of Vexin; d. 4 Oct 1221.

Generation Seventeen

124. Eleanor of Castile was buried at Westminster Abbey, London, England.³ She was born circa 1244 at Castile.³ She married Edward I (Longshanks) King of England, son of Henry III King of England and Eleanor of Provence, in Oct 1254 at Las Huelgas.³ She died on 24 Nov 1290 at Herdeby, Near Grantham, Lincolnshire.³

Edward I (Longshanks) King of England was buried at Westminster Abbey, London, England.³ He was born 17 Jun 1239 at Westminster Palace, London, England.³ He reigned 35 years from 1272 to 1307. He married Marguerite of France on 10 Sep 1299 at Canterbury, Cathedral.³ He died on 7 Jul 1307 at Burgh-by-Sands, Cumberland, England, at age 68.³

The two children of Eleanor of Castile and Edward I (Longshanks) King of England were as follows:

- + 132. i. Joan, b. Apr 1272 at Kingdom of Acre, Palestine; m. Gilbert de Clare 3rd Earl of Gloucester, 7th Earl of Hertford; d. 7 Apr 1307 at Clare Manor, Suffolk, England.
- + 133. ii. Elizabeth, b. Aug 1282 at Rhuddlan Castle; m. John I Count of Holland; m. Humphrey de Bohun 4th Earl of Hereford; d. 5 May 1316 at England.

125. Blanche of Artois married Edmund Crouchback, 1st Earl of Lancaster, son of Henry III King of England and Eleanor of Provence.²⁶ She was born 1248.²⁷ She died on 2 May 1302.

Edmund Crouchback, 1st Earl of Lancaster was born 16 Jan 1245 at London.²⁶ He died on 5 Jun 1296 at Bayonne at age 51.²⁶

The only child of Blanche of Artois and Edmund Crouchback, 1st Earl of Lancaster was:

+ 134. i. Henry, b. circa 1281; m. Maud de Chaworth; d. 22 Sep 1345.

127. Ferdinand III King of Castile was born 1199.³ He died in 1252.³ He married Jeanne Countess of Ponthieu, daughter of Simon de Dammartin Count of Ponthieu and Marie Talvas Countess of Ponthieu, in 1252.²⁴

Jeanne Countess of Ponthieu was born 1216.²⁴ She died on 16 Mar 1279 at Abbeville.²⁴

The only child of Ferdinand III King of Castile and Jeanne Countess of Ponthieu was:

 135. i. Eleanor of Castile, b. circa 1244 at Castile; m. Edward I (Longshanks) King of England; d. 24 Nov 1290 at Herdeby, Near Grantham, Lincolnshire; bur. at Westminster Abbey, London, England. (see # 124.).

128. Edward I (Longshanks) King of England was buried at Westminster Abbey, London, England.³ He was born 17 Jun 1239 at Westminster Palace, London, England.³ He married Eleanor of Castile, daughter of Ferdinand III King of Castile and Jeanne Countess of Ponthieu, in Oct 1254 at Las Huelgas.³ He reigned 35 years from 1272 to 1307. He married Marguerite of France on 10 Sep 1299 at Canterbury, Cathedral.³ He died on 7 Jul 1307 at Burgh-by-Sands, Cumberland, England, at age 68.³

Eleanor of Castile was buried at Westminster Abbey, London, England.³ She was born circa 1244 at Castile.³ She died on 24 Nov 1290 at Herdeby, Near Grantham, Lincolnshire.³

The two children of Edward I (Longshanks) King of England and Eleanor of Castile were as follows:

- 136. i. Joan, b. Apr 1272 at Kingdom of Acre, Palestine; m. Gilbert de Clare 3rd Earl of Gloucester, 7th Earl of Hertford; d. 7 Apr 1307 at Clare Manor, Suffolk, England. (see # 132.).
- 137. ii. Elizabeth, b. Aug 1282 at Rhuddlan Castle; m. John I Count of Holland; m. Humphrey de Bohun 4th Earl of Hereford; d. 5 May 1316 at England. (see # 133.).

There were no children of Edward I (Longshanks) King of England and Marguerite of France.

129. Edmund Crouchback, 1st Earl of Lancaster married Blanche of Artois, daughter of Robert I of Artois and Matilda of Brabant.²⁶ He was born 16 Jan 1245 at London.²⁶ He died on 5 Jun 1296 at Bayonne at age 51.²⁶

Blanche of Artois was born 1248.²⁷ She died on 2 May 1302.

The only child of Edmund Crouchback, 1st Earl of Lancaster and Blanche of Artois was:

138. i. Henry, b. circa 1281; m. Maud de Chaworth; d. 22 Sep 1345. (see # 134.).

131. William IV Count of Ponthieu was born 1179.¹⁹ He married Alys Countess of Vexin, daughter of Louis VII King of France and Constance of Castile, on 20 Aug 1195. He died on 4 Oct 1221.¹⁹

Alys Countess of Vexin was born 4 Oct 1160 at France.¹⁸ She died circa 1220.¹⁸

The only child of William IV Count of Ponthieu and Alys Countess of Vexin was:139.i. Marie, b. 17 Apr 1186; m. Simon de Dammartin Count of Ponthieu; d. 1251. (see # 104.).

Generation Eighteen

132. Joan of Acre married Gilbert de Clare 3rd Earl of Gloucester, 7th Earl of Hertford. She was born Apr 1272 at Kingdom of Acre, Palestine.²⁸ She died on 7 Apr 1307 at Clare Manor, Suffolk, England.²⁹

The only child of Joan of Acre and Gilbert de Clare 3rd Earl of Gloucester, 7th Earl of Hertford was:

+ 140. i. Elizabeth, m. Sir Theobald de Verdun.

133. Elizabeth of Rhuddlan was also known as Elizabeth Plantagenet.³⁰ She was born Aug 1282 at Rhuddlan Castle.³ She married John I Count of Holland on 18 Jan 1297 at Ipswich.³ She married Humphrey de Bohun 4th Earl of Hereford on 14 Nov 1302 at Westminster.³ She died on 5 May 1316 at England at age 33.³
blockquote>[She] was born the eighth daughter of Edward I of England and Eleanor of Castile. Of all her siblings, she was closest to her younger brother Edward II of England, as they were only two years apart in age.

In April 1285 there were negotiation's with Floris V for Elizabeth's betrothal to his son John I, Count of Holland. The offer was accepted and John was sent to England to be educated. On 8 January 1297 Elizabeth was married to John at Ipswich. In attendance at the marriage were Elizabeth's sister Margaret, her father, Edward I of England, her brother Edward, and Humphrey de Bohun. After the wedding Elizabeth was expected to go to Holland with her husband, but did not wish to go, leaving her husband to go alone.

After some time travelling England, it was decided Elizabeth should follow her husband. Her father accompanied her, travelling through Antwerp, Malines, Louvain and Brussels, before ending up in Ghent. There they remained for a few months, spending Christmas with her two sister's Eleanor of England, Countess of Bar and Margaret Plantagenet. On 10 November 1299, John died of dysentery, though there were rumours of his being murdered. No children had been born from the marriage.

On her return trip to England, Elizabeth went through Brabant to see her sister Margaret. When she arrived in England, she met her step mother Margaret of France, whom Edward had married whilst she was in Holland. Reportedly, they became inseparable. On 14 November 1302 Elizabeth was married to Humphrey de Bohun, 4th Earl of Hereford, also Constable of England, at Westminster Abbey.

During Christmas 1315 Elizabeth, who was pregnant with her 10th child, was visited by her sister-in-law Isabella of France. This was a great honor, but the stress of it may have caused unknown health problems that later contributed to Elizabeth's death in childbirth. On 5 May 1316 she went into labor, giving birth to her daughter Isabella. Both Elizabeth and Isabella died shortly after the birthing, and were buried together in Waltham Abbey.</br/>

John I Count of Holland died on 10 Nov 1299 at Ghent.

There were no children of Elizabeth of Rhuddlan and John I Count of Holland.

Humphrey de Bohun 4th Earl of Hereford was born 1276.³ He died on 16 Mar 1321.³

The two children of Elizabeth of Rhuddlan and Humphrey de Bohun 4th Earl of Hereford were as follows:

- + 141. i. William, b. circa 1310; m. Elizabeth Badlesmere; d. circa 1360.
- + 142. ii. Eleanor, b. circa 1314; m. James Butler 1st Earl of Ormond; d. 1363.

134. Henry 3rd Earl of Lancaster married Maud de Chaworth. He was born circa 1281.³² He died on 22 Sep 1345.³² The only child of Henry 3rd Earl of Lancaster and Maud de Chaworth was:

+ 143. i. Eleanor, m. Richard FitzAlan Earl of Arundel; d. 11 Jan 1372.

Generation Nineteen

140. Elizabeth de Clare married Sir Theobald de Verdun.²⁹

The only child of Elizabeth de Clare and Sir Theobald de Verdun was:

+ 144. i. Isabel, m. Henry Ferrers.

141. William de Bohun 1st Earl of Northampton married Elizabeth Badlesmere, daughter of Bartholomew de Badlesmere and Margaret de Clare. He was born circa 1310.³³ He died circa 1360.³³

The only child of William de Bohun 1st Earl of Northampton and Elizabeth Badlesmere was:

+ 145. i. Elizabeth, m. Richard FitzAlan Earl of Arundel; d. 3 Apr 1385.

142. Eleanor de Bohun married James Butler 1st Earl of Ormond, son of Edmund Butler.³ She was born circa 1314.³ She died in 1363.³ She was the ancestress of Butler Dukes & Earls of Ormond and of Queen Elizabeth I, whose mother Anne Boleyn was half Butler of Ormond.³

James Butler 1st Earl of Ormond was born 1305. He was created earl of Ormonde in 1328. He died in 1337.

The only child of Eleanor de Bohun and James Butler 1st Earl of Ormond was:

+ 146. i. Pernel, b. 1332; m. Gilbert Talbot; d. 1368.

143. Eleanor of Lancaster married Richard FitzAlan Earl of Arundel, son of Edmund FitzAlan and Alice de Warenne. She died on 11 Jan 1372.³⁴

Richard FitzAlan Earl of Arundel was born 1313. He died on 24 Jan 1376.

The only child of Eleanor of Lancaster and Richard FitzAlan Earl of Arundel was:

+ 147. i. Richard, b. 1346; m. Elizabeth de Bohun; d. 21 Sep 1397.

Generation Twenty

144. Isabel de Verdon married Henry Ferrers.²⁹

The only child of Isabel de Verdon and Henry Ferrers was:

+ 148. i. William, m. Margaret Ufford.

145. Elizabeth de Bohun married Richard FitzAlan Earl of Arundel, son of Richard FitzAlan Earl of Arundel and Eleanor of Lancaster. She died on 3 Apr 1385.³⁴

Richard FitzAlan Earl of Arundel was born 1346.³⁴ He died on 21 Sep 1397.

The only child of Elizabeth de Bohun and Richard FitzAlan Earl of Arundel was:

+ 149. i. Elizabeth, b. before 1375; m. Sir Robert Goushill; d. 8 Jul 1425.

146. Pernel Butler was born 1332.³ She married Gilbert Talbot, son of Richard Talbot and Elizabeth Comyn, before 8 Sep 1352. She died in 1368.³

Gilbert Talbot was 3rd Baron Talbot. He was born 1332.¹ He died on 24 Apr 1387 at Roales, Spain.¹

The only child of Pernel Butler and Gilbert Talbot was:

+ 150. i. Richard, b. 1361; m. Ankaret le Strange; d. 1396.

147. Richard FitzAlan Earl of Arundel married Elizabeth de Bohun, daughter of William de Bohun 1st Earl of Northampton and Elizabeth Badlesmere. He was born 1346.³⁴ He died on 21 Sep 1397.

Elizabeth de Bohun died on 3 Apr 1385.34

The only child of Richard FitzAlan Earl of Arundel and Elizabeth de Bohun was:

151. i. Elizabeth, b. before 1375; m. Sir Robert Goushill; d. 8 Jul 1425. (see # 149.).

Generation Twenty-One

148. William Ferrers married Margaret Ufford.²⁹

The only child of William Ferrers and Margaret Ufford was:

+ 152. i. Henry, m. Joan Poynings.

149. Elizabeth FitzAlan married Sir Robert Goushill. She was born before 1375. She died on 8 Jul 1425.³⁴ The only child of Elizabeth FitzAlan and Sir Robert Goushill was:

+ 153. i. Joan, b. 1409 at Hoveringham, Nottinghamshire, England; m. Thomas Stanley 1st Baron of Stanley; d. 1459 at Lathom Knowlesely, Lancashire, England.

150. Richard Talbot was 4th Baron Talbot.³⁵ He married Ankaret le Strange. He was born 1361.³ He died in 1396.³ Ankaret le Strange was 6th Baroness Talbot and 9th Baroness Strange of Blackmere.³⁵ The two children of Richard Talbot and Ankaret le Strange were as follows:

+ 154. i. Gilbert.

+ 155. ii. John, b. 1384 at Shrewsbury, Shropshire, England; m. Maude de Neville; m. Lady Margaret Beauchamp; d. 17 Jul 1453 at Castillon, Dordogne, France.

Generation Twenty-Two

152. Henry Ferrers married Joan Poynings.²⁹

The only child of Henry Ferrers and Joan Poynings was:

+ 156. i. William, m. Phillipa Clifford.

153. Joan Goushill was born 1409 at Hoveringham, Nottinghamshire, England. She married Thomas Stanley 1st Baron of Stanley in 1427 at Lathom, Ormskirk, Lancashire, England. She died in 1459 at Lathom Knowlesely, Lancashire, England.

Thomas Stanley 1st Baron of Stanley was born 1405 at Lathom, Knowsley, Lancashire, England. He died on 11 Feb 1459 at Knowlesley, Lancashire, England.

The only child of Joan Goushill and Thomas Stanley 1st Baron of Stanley was:

+ 157. i. Katherine, b. 1430 at Stanley, Derbyshire, England; m. Sir John Savage; d. 1498 at Clifton, Cheshire, England.

154. Gilbert Talbot was 5th Baron Talbot, 8th Baron Strange of Blackmere.³⁵

Children of Gilbert Talbot include:

159.

158. i. Ankaret was born 1416. She died in 1421.

155. John Talbot 1st Earl of Shrewsbury was 1st Earl of Shrewsbury (Salope).³⁶ He was born 1384 at Shrewsbury, Shropshire, England. He married Maude de Neville on 12 Mar 1407 at Shrewsbury, Shropshire, England. He married Lady Margaret Beauchamp on 6 Sep 1425. He died on 17 Jul 1453 at Castillon, Dordogne, France.

Maude de Neville was born 1392 at Shrewsbury, Shropshire, England. She died in 1423 at Priory, Worksop, Nottinghamshire, England.

The only child of John Talbot 1st Earl of Shrewsbury and Maude de Neville was:

i. John was 2nd Earl of Shrewsbury. He married Elizabeth Butler.³⁷ He was born circa 1413. He died in 1460.

Children of John Talbot 1st Earl of Shrewsbury include:

+ 160. i. Katherine, b. 1418 at Shrewsbury, Shropshire, England; m. Nicholas Eaton; d. 1500 at England. The only child of John Talbot 1st Earl of Shrewsbury and Lady Margaret Beauchamp was:

161. i. John married Joan Chedder. He was born circa 1426. He died on 17 Jul 1453.

Generation Twenty-Three

156. William Ferrers married Phillipa Clifford.²⁹

The only child of William Ferrers and Phillipa Clifford was:

+ 162. i. Thomas, m. Elizabeth Freville.

157. Katherine Stanley was born 1430 at Stanley, Derbyshire, England. She married Sir John Savage, son of Sir John Savage of Clifton and Elizabeth Brereton, in 1447 at Clifton, Cheshire, England.³⁸ She died in 1498 at Clifton, Cheshire, England.

Sir John Savage was born 1422 at Clifton, Cheshire, England. He died on 22 Nov 1495 at Macclesfield Park, England. The two children of Katherine Stanley and Sir John Savage were as follows:

- + 163. i. Anna, b. 1455 at Clifton, Cheshire, England; m. Louis Eaton; d. at Dover, Kent, England.
- + 164. ii. Dulcia, m. Sir Henry Bold.

160. Katherine Talbot. She does not appear to be a daughter of Maud of Neville nor of Margaret of Beauchamp. Also, she does not appear to be a daughter of Elizabeth Bulter and John, 2nd Earl Shrewsbury. She was born 1418 at Shrewsbury, Shropshire, England. She married Nicholas Eaton, son of Georgius Eaton, in 1445 at Dover, Kent, England.³⁹ She died in 1500 at England.

Nicholas Eaton was also known as Nicholas de Eyton Sheriff of Shropshire.³ He was born 1397 at Dover, Kent, England. He was Sheriff of Shropshire between 1440 and 1449.⁴⁰

The only child of Katherine Talbot and Nicholas Eaton was:

+ 165. i. Louis, b. 1447 at Dover, Kent, England; m. Anna Savage; d. at Eyton Upon Weald Moors, Shropshire, England.

Generation Twenty-Four

162. Sir Thomas Ferrers married Elizabeth Freville.²⁹

The only child of Sir Thomas Ferrers and Elizabeth Freville was:

+ 166. i. Henry, m. Margaret Hextall.

163. Anna Savage died at Dover, Kent, England. She was born 1455 at Clifton, Cheshire, England. She married Louis Eaton, son of Nicholas Eaton and Katherine Talbot, in 1474.

Louis Eaton was born 1447 at Dover, Kent, England. He died at Eyton Upon Weald Moors, Shropshire, England. The Visitations of Essex by Hawley shows that Lewis Etton of Etton (son of Sir Nicholas Eaton) was married to an un-named daughter of Sir Thomas Blunt of Kinlett (knight).⁴¹

The only child of Anna Savage and Louis Eaton was:

+ 167. i. Henry, b. 1485 at Dover, Kent, England; m. Jane Cressett; d. 1580 at Dover, Kent, England.

164. Dulcia Savage married Sir Henry Bold.²⁹

The only child of Dulcia Savage and Sir Henry Bold was:

+ 168. i. Maud, m. Thomas Gerard.

165. Louis Eaton was born 1447 at Dover, Kent, England. He married Anna Savage, daughter of Sir John Savage and Katherine Stanley, in 1474. He died at Eyton Upon Weald Moors, Shropshire, England. The Visitations of Essex by Hawley shows that Lewis Etton of Etton (son of Sir Nicholas Eaton) was married to an un-named daughter of Sir Thomas Blunt of Kinlett (knight).⁴¹

Anna Savage died at Dover, Kent, England. She was born 1455 at Clifton, Cheshire, England.

The only child of Louis Eaton and Anna Savage was:

169. i. Henry, b. 1485 at Dover, Kent, England; m. Jane Cressett; d. 1580 at Dover, Kent, England. (see # 167.).

Generation Twenty-Five

166. Sir Henry Ferrers married Margaret Hextall.²⁹

The only child of Sir Henry Ferrers and Margaret Hextall was:

+ 170. i. Edward, m. Constance Brome.

167. Henry Eaton was born 1485 at Dover, Kent, England. He married Jane Cressett, daughter of Thomas Cressett and Elizabeth Cornwall, say 1510.⁴² He died in 1580 at Dover, Kent, England.

Jane Cressett was born 1492 at Upton Cresset, Shropshire, England.

The only child of Henry Eaton and Jane Cressett was:

+ 171. i. William, b. 1512 at Rowington, Warwickshire, England; d. 1590 at Dover, Kent, England.

168. Maud Bold married Thomas Gerard.²⁹

The only child of Maud Bold and Thomas Gerard was:

+ 172. i. Jennet, m. Richard Eltonhead.

Generation Twenty-Six

170. Sir Edward Ferrers married Constance Brome.²⁹

The only child of Sir Edward Ferrers and Constance Brome was:

+ 173. i. Elizabeth, m. John Hampden.

171. William Eaton. This William Eaton is the weakest link in the chain between the Eaton's of Massachusetts and the Eatons (Eytons) of Shropshire. The Visitation of Shropshire, 1623 shows a William (Willimus) as son of Henry Eyton, but indicates for him "s.p." (sine proles) - without issue. The note below the pedigree states that William and others who are listed as sons of Henry Eaton are omitted from the Shrewsbury MS. In the Visitations of Essex (1612) pg 192 it gives a partial pedigree which states that pedigrees for 1612 are the "Same as in Visitation 1558, omitting Roger, Fowlke, Lewis, Edmond, and Nicholas, sons of Henry Eton and Jane (Cressett) his wife, and mentioning their sons, Thomas, Richard and William, as 1st, 2nd, and 4th sons." Also in the Visitations of Essex (1552) under the pedigree of Browne (which it states is the same as Browne #4 in 1612) it has Anne, daughter of Sir Weston Browne and Elizabeth Mordant of Turvey in Bedfordshire, as having married William Eton of Shropshire. No dates are given for this union, but the pedigree for Browne #4 states that Sir Weston Browne was knighted in the reign of Henry VII which would be between 1485 and 1509. Comparing this Browne pedigree in 1552 with the one given for Browne #4 in 1612 is of no help as the names given for the sons and daughters of Weston Browne and Maud Mordant of Bedfordshire are entirely different from the ones listed in 1552. There is also in the "The List of Disclaimed 1585" a William Etton of Pimhill.⁴³ He was born 1512 at Rowington, Warwickshire, England. He died in 1590 at Dover, Kent, England.

Children of William Eaton include:

+ 174. i. William, b. 1540 at England; m. Jane Hussey; d. before 1584 at England.

172. Jennet Gerard married Richard Eltonhead.²⁹

The only child of Jennet Gerard and Richard Eltonhead was:

+ 175. i. William, m. Anne Bowers.

Generation Twenty-Seven

173. Elizabeth Ferrers married John Hampden.²⁹

The only child of Elizabeth Ferrers and John Hampden was:

+ 176. i. Griffith, m. Anne Cave.

174. William Eaton was born 1540 at England. He married Jane Hussey, daughter of Thomas Hussey and Bridget Bowes, in 1569 at Dover, Kent, England. He died before 1584 at England.⁴⁴

Jane Hussey was born 1547 at Dover, Kent, England. She died circa 29 Dec 1584 at Dover, Kent, England.⁴⁴ She was buried in 1584 at St. James Churchyard, Dover, England.⁴⁴

The only child of William Eaton and Jane Hussey was:

+ 177. i. Peter, b. 1575 at Dover, Kent, England; m. Elizabeth Patterson; d. 1658 at Dover, Kent, England.

175. William Eltonhead married Anne Bowers.²⁹

The only child of William Eltonhead and Anne Bowers was:

+ 178. i. Richard, m. Anne Sutton.

Generation Twenty-Eight

176. Griffith Hampden married Anne Cave.²⁹

The only child of Griffith Hampden and Anne Cave was:

+ 179. i. Anne, m. Robert Waller.

177. Peter Eaton was born 1575 at Dover, Kent, England. He married Elizabeth Patterson on 28 Jan 1603 at St Marys, Dover, Kent, England.⁴⁴ He died in 1658 at Dover, Kent, England.

Elizabeth Patterson was born 1596 at Dover, Kent, England. She died on 8 Jan 1631 at Dover, Kent, England. The only child of Peter Eaton and Elizabeth Patterson was:

+ 180. i. William, b. 1604 at Staple, Kent, England; m. Martha Jenkins; d. 26 Sep 1672 at Reading, Middlesex, Massachusetts, USA.

178. Richard Eltonhead married Anne Sutton.²⁹

The only child of Richard Eltonhead and Anne Sutton was:

+ 181. i. Martha, m. Edwin Conway.

Generation Twenty-Nine

179. Anne Hampden married Robert Waller.²⁹

The only child of Anne Hampden and Robert Waller was:

+ 182. i. Robert Thomas, m. Barnwell.

180. William Eaton was born 1604 at Staple, Kent, England. He married Martha Jenkins, daughter of Edward Jenkins and Martha Phillips, on 28 Jan 1628 at Staple, Kent, England. He died on 26 Sep 1672 at Reading, Middlesex, Massachusetts, USA. <blockquote>William Eaton was born in England about 1604. He married Martha Jenkins. and was a husbandman in Staples, in the county of Kent. With three children, William and Martha sailed from Sandwich, June 9, 1637. and settled in Watertown, Massachusetts, of which he was a proprietor in 1642. and a freeman in 1653. He subsequently removed to Reading.</blockquote>⁴⁵ <blockquote>The emigrant ancestor of this family was William Eaton of Staple in the county of Kent, England. With his wife Martha, three children and one servant he sailed from Sandwich in 1637 and settled first at Watertown, and subsequently removed to Reading, where he d. May 16, 1673. His wife d. Nov. 14, 1680.</blockquote>⁴⁶

Martha Jenkins was born 23 Jan 1605 at Staple, Kent, England. She died on 14 Nov 1680 at Reading, Middlesex, Massachusetts, USA, at age 75.

The only child of William Eaton and Martha Jenkins was:

+ 183. i. John, b. 20 Dec 1635 at Watertown, Middlesex, Massachusetts, USA; m. Elizabeth Kendall; d. 17 Dec 1695 at Reading, Middlesex, Massachusetts, USA.

181. Martha Eltonhead married Edwin Conway.²⁹

The only child of Martha Eltonhead and Edwin Conway was:

+ 184. i. Eltonhead, m. Henry Thacker.

Generation Thirty

182. Robert Thomas Waller married Barnwell.²⁹

The only child of Robert Thomas Waller and Barnwell was:

+ 185. i. John, m. Hannah Coddington.

183. John Eaton was born 20 Dec 1635 at Watertown, Middlesex, Massachusetts, USA. He married Elizabeth Kendall, daughter of Thomas Kendall and Rebecca Paine, on 8 Mar 1658 at Reading, Middlesex, Massachusetts, USA.⁴⁷ He died on 17 Dec 1695 at Reading, Middlesex, Massachusetts, USA, at age 59.

blockquote>John, son of William and Martha Eaton was born in England, December 20, 1635. He lived in Reading, where he died May 25, 1601. He married in 1658. Elizabeth Kendall, born 1642. daughter of Deacon Thomas Kendall, and they had children. He died May 13, 1673. She died in 1680 or 1681.</br>

Elizabeth Kendall was born 17 Feb 1642 at Reading, Middlesex, Massachusetts, USA.⁴⁸ She died on 7 Oct 1688 at Reading, Middlesex, Massachusetts, USA, at age 46.

The only child of John Eaton and Elizabeth Kendall was:

+ 186. i. Elizabeth, b. 8 Sep 1662 at Reading, Middlesex, Massachusetts, USA; m. John Bancroft; d. 12 Mar 1705 at Lynn, Essex, Massachusetts, USA.

184. Eltonhead Conway married Henry Thacker.²⁹

The only child of Eltonhead Conway and Henry Thacker was:

+ 187. i. Martha, m. Thomas Hickman.

Generation Thirty-One

185. John Waller married Hannah Coddington.²⁹

The only child of John Waller and Hannah Coddington was:

+ 188. i. Robert, m. Anna Maria Hughes.

John Bancroft was born 3 Feb 1651 at Lynn, Massachusetts, USA. He was born 3 Mar 1656 at Reading, Middlesex, Massachusetts, USA. He died on 25 Jan 1740 at Lynnfield, Essex, Massachusetts, USA, at age 88.

The only child of Elizabeth Eaton and John Bancroft was:

+ 189. i. Hannah, b. 5 Mar 1702 at Lynnfield, Essex, Massachusetts, USA; m. Edward Pickering; d. 19 Oct 1764 at Mendon, Worcester, Massachusetts, USA; bur. at Pine Hill Cem, Mendon, Massachusetts, USA.

187. Martha Thacker married Thomas Hickman.²⁹

The only child of Martha Thacker and Thomas Hickman was:

+ 190. i. Edwin, m. Eleanor Elliott.

Generation Thirty-Two

188. Robert Waller married Anna Maria Hughes.²⁹

The only child of Robert Waller and Anna Maria Hughes was:

+ 191. i. Hannah, m. Dixie Coddington.

189. Hannah Bancroft was buried at Pine Hill Cem, Mendon, Massachusetts, USA. She was born 5 Mar 1702 at Lynnfield, Essex, Massachusetts, USA.⁵⁰ She married Edward Pickering, son of Benjamin William Pickering and Jane Hobby, on 12 Mar 1724 at Lynn, Massachusetts, USA. She died on 19 Oct 1764 at Mendon, Worcester, Massachusetts, USA, at age 62.⁵⁰

Edward Pickering was born 18 Nov 1701 at Salem, Essex, Massachusetts, USA.⁵⁰ He was husbandman (raised sheep).⁵¹ He moved to Mendon, Massachusetts circa 1734.⁵¹ He died before May 1788 at Mendon, Massachusetts, USA.⁵⁰

The eight children of Hannah Bancroft and Edward Pickering were as follows:

- Benjamin was born 28 Mar 1725 at Salem, Essex, Massachusetts, USA. He was baptized on 28 Mar 1725. He died in Sep 1802 at Mendon, Massachusetts, USA, at age 77.
- 193. ii. John was born before 14 May 1727. He was baptized on 14 May 1727. He died circa 1747 at Mendon, Worcester, Massachusetts, USA.
- 194. iii. Hannah. Her married name was Logee. She was born before 21 Dec 1729. She was baptized on 21 Dec 1729.
- + 195. iv. Edward, b. before 20 Aug 1732 at Salem, Essex, Massachusetts, USA; m. Abigail Chase; d. May 1800 at Mendon, Worcester, Massachusetts, USA.
 - 196. v. Samuel was farmer and shoemaker. He was born before 6 Apr 1735 at Salem, Essex, Massachusetts, USA. He died on 31 May 1807 at Bellingham, Massachusetts, USA, 420437N0712829E.
- + 197. vi. Jonathan, b. 3 Apr 1736 at Mendon, Worcester, Massachusetts, USA; m. Elizabeth Hunt; d. circa Apr 1832 at Mendon, Worcester, Massachusetts, USA.
 - 198. vii. Hobby. Reference: 5356. He was born 27 Mar 1738 at Mendon, Worcester, Massachusetts, USA.
 - 199. viii. Elizabeth was born 16 May 1742 at Mendon, Worcester, Massachusetts, USA.

190. Edwin Hickman married Eleanor Elliott.²⁹

The only child of Edwin Hickman and Eleanor Elliott was:

+ 200. i. James, m. Hannah Lewis.

Generation Thirty-Three

191. Hannah Waller married Dixie Coddington.²⁹

- The only child of Hannah Waller and Dixie Coddington was:
 - + 201. i. Ann, m. Richard Fenner.

195. Edward Pickering was born before 20 Aug 1732 at Salem, Essex, Massachusetts, USA.⁵⁰ He was in the Massachusetts militia during the French & Indian War and participated in the invasion of Quebec by British forces from 1754 to 1759.⁵² He married Abigail Chase, daughter of Isaac Chase and Amy Anthony, on 10 Apr 1757 at Cumberland, Rhode Island, USA. He served as private during Revolutinary war in Apr 1775.⁵³ He died in May 1800 at Mendon, Worcester, Massachusetts, USA.⁵⁰

Abigail Chase was born 16 Jul 1737 at Swansea, Bristol, Massachusetts, USA.⁵⁰ She died on 22 Dec 1812 at Mendon, Massachusetts, USA, at age 75.⁵⁰

The only child of Edward Pickering and Abigail Chase was:

+ 202. i. Alice, b. 27 Oct 1763 at Mendon, Worcester, Massachusetts, USA; m. Jotham Pickering; d. 1797.

197. Jonathan Pickering was born 3 Apr 1736 at Mendon, Worcester, Massachusetts, USA.⁵⁰ He married Elizabeth Hunt on 28 Feb 1760 at Mendon, Worcester, Massachusetts, USA. He died circa Apr 1832 at Mendon, Worcester, Massachusetts, USA.⁵⁰

The five children of Jonathan Pickering and Elizabeth Hunt were as follows:

- + 203. i. Jotham, b. circa 1761 at Mendon, Worcester, Massachusetts, USA; m. Alice Pickering; d. circa 1809 at Gibson Hill, Susquehanna, Pennsylvania, USA.
 - 204. ii. Phebe. Her married name was Handy. She was born 6 Aug 1763 at Bellingham, Massachusetts, USA, 420437N0712829E. She died on 1 Jan 1829 at age 65.
 - 205. iii. David was born circa 1768 at Mendon, Massachusetts, USA. He died on 24 Nov 1848 at Blackstone, Massachusetts, USA, 420222N0713143E.
 - 206. iv. Preserved was born circa 1770. He died before 22 May 1832 at Mendon, Massachusetts, USA.
 - 207. v. Phineas was born 1771 at Massachusetts, USA. He died in 1849 at Pennsylvania, USA.

200. James Hickman married Hannah Lewis.²⁹

The only child of James Hickman and Hannah Lewis was:

+ 208. i. Susannah, m. James Browning.

Generation Thirty-Four

201. Ann Coddington married Richard Fenner.²⁹

The only child of Ann Coddington and Richard Fenner was:

+ 209. i. Richard, m. Ann McKinney Geddy.

202. Alice Pickering was also known as Else Pickering. She was born 27 Oct 1763 at Mendon, Worcester, Massachusetts, USA.⁵⁰ She married Jotham Pickering, son of Jonathan Pickering and Elizabeth Hunt, on 12 Nov 1781 at Mendon, Essex, Massachusetts, USA.⁵⁰ She died in 1797.⁵⁰

Jotham Pickering was born circa 1761 at Mendon, Worcester, Massachusetts, USA.⁵⁰ A Jotham Pickering of Mendon appears in list of men mustered by Thomas Newhall, Muster master of Worcester Co. to serve in the Continental Army for the term of 9 months; said Pickering appears among men belonging to Capt Nelson's co. and other companies in Col. Wood's regt.; engaged for town of Mendon; also, descriptive list of men raised in Worcester Co to serve in the Continental Army for the term of nine months from the time of their arrival in Fishkill, agreeable to resolve of April 20. 1778, returned as received by Andrew Haskell, at Leicester, June 2, 1778; Capt Peter Penniman's co, Col EzraWood's regt; age 17 years statue, 6 ft; complexion dark; hair, dark brown; eyes, dark; residence Mendon; engaged for the town of Mendon; arrived at Fishkill June 7, 1778; also, list of men returned as recieved of Jonathan Warner, Commissioner, by Col R Putnam, July 20, 1778; also, a list of men returned as mustered by Henry Rutgers, Deputy Muster Master, dated Fishkill, Aug 1, 1778. Also the Centennial History of Susquehanna County - Stocker 1887 p 219 Listing of those going to (participating in) the American Revolution includes one Jotham Pickering.⁵⁴ Also appears in a list of men from Mendon, Massachusetts in Rhode Island service, under Capt. Samuel Hamant.⁵⁵ <blockquote>"Jotham Pickering and his brother Phineas, from Massachusetts originally, came to what is now Gibson, in 1798 from a farm now owned by Mr. Wellman in New Milford, to which they had come in 1793. Corbet, son of Jotham, stated in an article published in the 'Montrose Republican' that his father was 'the second inhabitant of Gibson', but as he also stated positively, that he was five years on the place where he began in 1793, his memory failed him in regard to the settlement of Gibson, as proved by the diary of Deacon Chamberlin. The farm of JP was less than half a mile east of Kennedy Hill, to which he came with the purpose of uniting his family of children with those of Capt Potter, to establish a school. The advantages they were able to command must have been limited as it is asserted the first teacher in Gibson did not know how to write. Mr. C Pickering says - At that time Gibson was indeed a wilderness, and without a figure might have been styled a howling wilderness, because upon every hand, at all times of day or night, could be heard the melancholy howl of the wolf and very often the piercing screech of the panther. Truly those were the times that tried men's nerves, if not their souls. At this time, moreover, there were no mills nearer than Wilkes-Barre and it was some years before we had the advantage of any other process of grinding than that of a hard wood stump, dug out in the form of a mortar, while the pestle, with which we pounded our corn, somewhat resembled a modern handspike. But we could not afford so tedious a process in manufacturing our rye; so we put on the big kettle, and boiled a quantity of what is, in these days of improvement, called whiskey seeds; and really we found rye and milk much more palatable than rye and kerosene. The first mill that I can remember was ten miles distant, nearly every step of the way in woods; and the boy that had sufficient nerve and muscle, had the exalted

privilege of mounting a bag of corn, which had first been mounted on horseback, and taking up his tedious pilgrimage to the gristmill."</blockquote>.⁵⁶ <blockquote>"[Regarding the Pickering Family]... Few if any families in Susquehanna County are more truly representative of the early pioneer years than the Pickering's. In 1795, two brothers, Jotham and Phineas Pickering, left their homes in Mendon, Mass., and settled in the wilderness in what is now New Milford township. In 1796 they removed to what is now Gibson Township. Jotham Pickering and his wife, Elsie, and family, located in the wilderness on a 100-acre tract now known as the Ira Washburn farm, between Smiley and Kennedy Hill, and Phineas settled in Gelatt Hollow. Jotham changed his location to be near the family of Capt Potter, the only other settler in the locality at the time, who had located near Kennedy Hill - the first portion of the township to be occupied, in order that by uniting the two families, school advantages for the children might be obtained. There were no mills nearer than Wilkes-Barre. Wolves at night filled the surrounding forests with echoing howls, and the piercing shrieks of the prowling panther were often heard. Jotham had served as a soldier in the Revolutionary war. By trade he was a carpenter. After his migration to Gibson township, he remained there until his death, which occurred in 1809, when he was about fifty years of age, and he was buried in a private cemetery in Gibson township. He had five sons and four daughters, as follows: Henry, who migrated to New Hope, Brown Co OH; John, a farmer and sawmill owner of Nicholson township; Preserved, who is mentioned below; Corbett, born in 1797, who married Tamar Denny, and died in Gibson township, in 1876; Leah, wife of William Tripp, of Gibson; Mrs. Aden Cramer of Clifford township; Nabby Ann, wife of Henry Miller of Gibson; and Polly, wife of James Waterman of Mt Pleasant, Wayne Co. "</blockquote>.57 He died circa 1809 at Gibson Hill, Susquehanna, Pennsylvania, USA.⁵⁰ From notes found in a GEDCOM: Jotham and Alice were first cousins. There isn't any Jotham Pickering listed as residing in Mendon, in 1790 to 1850 Census. However; Jotham is mentioned in the Annals of Mendon and he and Jonathan are living on the same land. There was a Jonathan, who lived in the 6th district near the School House that was located at the foot of the now Pickering Rd. Hill, called South Mendon, at that time.⁵⁸ Jotham & Phineas Pickering, brothers, settled in New Milford from Massachusetts in 1793. Five years later, in 1798, they settled in Gibson, the latter at Gelatt Hollow. He had sons - Augustus, Joseph and John B. The former, Jotham, a soldier in the Revolutionary War, resided on Gibson Hill and died at about fifty years of age. His children were Henry, went to Ohio; John, resided in Gibson for many years, removed to Nicholson, where he built a saw mill, and resided until his death; Preserved, resided adjoining the homestead in Gibson, had a son William, whose son Alden S. is the present proprietor of the hotel at South Gibson; Corbet (1796-1876) father of John D.; Potter, resided in Gibson and died in Glennwood; Leah, wife of WilliamTripp, of Gibson; Mrs Aden Cramer, of Clifford; Nabby Ann, A Mrs. Miller of Gibson; and Polly, wife of James Waterman, of Mt. Pleasant, Wayne county.⁵⁹

The nine children of Alice Pickering and Jotham Pickering were as follows:

- 210. i. Leah was born 1782.
- 211. ii. Henry was born circa 1783.
- 212. iii. ? was born 1784.
- 213. iv. Nabby Ann was born 4 May 1786 at Mendon, Massachusetts, USA. She died on 22 Mar 1867 at Lenox, Susquehanna, Pennsylvania, USA, at age 80.
- 214. v. John was born 20 Oct 1790 at Mendon, Massachusetts, USA. He died on 22 Jan 1857 at Nicholson, Wyoming, Pennsylvania, USA, at age 66.
- 215. vi. Preserved was farmer and carpenter. He was buried at Union Hill cemetery, Gibson, Pennsylvania, USA. He was born 29 Aug 1795 at Mendon, Massachusetts, USA. He died on 24 Mar 1866 at Gibson, Susquehanna, Pennsylvania, USA, at age 70.
- + 216. vii. Corbett, b. circa 1798 at New Milford, Susquehanna, Pennsylvania, USA; m. Tamar Denny; d. 8 Jan 1878 at Glenwood, Pennsylvania, USA.
- + 217. viii. Potter, b. circa 1800 at Pennsylvania, USA; d. circa 1866 at Glenwood, Pennsylvania, USA.
 - 218. ix. Polly. Her married name was Waterman. She was born 1804 at Luzerne, Pennsylvania, USA. She died in Nov 1883 at Marion, Kansas, USA.

203. Jotham Pickering was born circa 1761 at Mendon, Worcester, Massachusetts, USA.⁵⁰ A *Jotham Pickering* of Mendon appears in list of men mustered by Thomas Newhall, Muster master of Worcester Co. to serve in the Continental Army for the term of 9 months; said Pickering appears among men belonging to Capt Nelson's co. and other companies in Col. Wood's regt.; engaged for town of Mendon; also, descriptive list of men raised in Worcester Co to serve in the Continental Army for the term of nine months from the time of their arrival in Fishkill, agreeable to resolve of April 20, 1778, returned as received by Andrew Haskell, at Leicester, June 2, 1778; Capt Peter Penniman's co, Col

EzraWood's regt; age 17 years statue, 6 ft; complexion dark; hair, dark brown; eyes, dark; residence Mendon; engaged for the town of Mendon; arrived at Fishkill June 7, 1778; also, list of men returned as recieved of Jonathan Warner, Commissioner, by Col R Putnam, July 20, 1778; also, a list of men returned as mustered by Henry Rutgers, Deputy Muster Master, dated Fishkill, Aug 1, 1778. Also the Centennial History of Susquehanna County - Stocker 1887 p 219 Listing of those going to (participating in) the American Revolution includes one Jotham Pickering.⁵⁴ Also appears in a list of men from Mendon, Massachusetts in Rhode Island service, under Capt. Samuel Hamant.⁵⁵ He married Alice Pickering, daughter of Edward Pickering and Abigail Chase, on 12 Nov 1781 at Mendon, Essex, Massachusetts, USA.⁵⁰ <body><blockquote>"Jotham Pickering and his brother Phineas, from Massachusetts originally, came to what is now Gibson, in 1798 from a farm now owned by Mr. Wellman in New Milford, to which they had come in 1793. Corbet, son of Jotham, stated in an article published in the 'Montrose Republican' that his father was 'the second inhabitant of Gibson', but as he also stated positively, that he was five years on the place where he began in 1793, his memory failed him in regard to the settlement of Gibson, as proved by the diary of Deacon Chamberlin. The farm of JP was less than half a mile east of Kennedy Hill, to which he came with the purpose of uniting his family of children with those of Capt Potter, to establish a school. 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But we could not afford so tedious a process in manufacturing our rye; so we put on the big kettle, and boiled a quantity of what is, in these days of improvement, called whiskey seeds; and really we found rye and milk much more palatable than rye and kerosene. The first mill that I can remember was ten miles distant, nearly every step of the way in woods; and the boy that had sufficient nerve and muscle, had the exalted privilege of mounting a bag of corn, which had first been mounted on horseback, and taking up his tedious pilgrimage to the gristmill."</blockquote>.⁵⁶ <blockquote>"[Regarding the Pickering Family]... Few if any families in Susquehanna County are more truly representative of the early pioneer years than the Pickering's. In 1795, two brothers, Jotham and Phineas Pickering, left their homes in Mendon, Mass., and settled in the wilderness in what is now New Milford township. In 1796 they removed to what is now Gibson Township. Jotham Pickering and his wife, Elsie, and family, located in the wilderness on a 100-acre tract now known as the Ira Washburn farm, between Smiley and Kennedy Hill, and Phineas settled in Gelatt Hollow. Jotham changed his location to be near the family of Capt Potter, the only other settler in the locality at the time, who had located near Kennedy Hill the first portion of the township to be occupied, in order that by uniting the two families, school advantages for the children might be obtained. There were no mills nearer than Wilkes-Barre. Wolves at night filled the surrounding forests with echoing howls, and the piercing shrieks of the prowling panther were often heard. Jotham had served as a soldier in the Revolutionary war. By trade he was a carpenter. After his migration to Gibson township, he remained there until his death, which occurred in 1809, when he was about fifty years of age, and he was buried in a private cemetery in Gibson township. He had five sons and four daughters, as follows: Henry, who migrated to New Hope, Brown Co OH; John, a farmer and sawmill owner of Nicholson township; Preserved, who is mentioned below; Corbett, born in 1797, who married Tamar Denny, and died in Gibson township, in 1876; Leah, wife of William Tripp, of Gibson; Mrs. Aden Cramer of Clifford township; Nabby Ann, wife of Henry Miller of Gibson; and Polly, wife of James Waterman of Mt Pleasant, Wayne Co. "</blockquote>.57 He died circa 1809 at Gibson Hill, Susquehanna, Pennsylvania, USA.50 From notes found in a GEDCOM: Jotham and Alice were first cousins. There isn't any Jotham Pickering listed as residing in Mendon, in 1790 to 1850 Census. However; Jotham is mentioned in the Annals of Mendon and he and Jonathan are living on the same land. There was a Jonathan, who lived in the 6th district near the School House that was located at the foot of the now Pickering Rd. Hill, called South Mendon, at that time.⁵⁸ Jotham & Phineas Pickering, brothers. settled in New Milford from Massachusetts in 1793. Five years later, in 1798, they settled in Gibson, the latter at Gelatt Hollow. He had sons - Augustus, Joseph and John B. The former, Jotham, a soldier in the Revolutionary War, resided on Gibson Hill and died at about fifty years of age. His children were Henry, went to Ohio; John, resided in Gibson for many years, removed to Nicholson, where he built a saw mill, and resided until his death; Preserved, resided adjoining the homestead in Gibson, had a son William, whose son Alden S. is the present proprietor of the hotel at South Gibson; Corbet (1796-1876) father of John D.; Potter, resided in Gibson and died in Glennwood; Leah, wife of WilliamTripp, of

Gibson; Mrs Aden Cramer, of Clifford; Nabby Ann, A Mrs. Miller of Gibson; and Polly, wife of James Waterman, of Mt. Pleasant, Wayne county.⁵⁹

Alice Pickering was also known as Else Pickering. She was born 27 Oct 1763 at Mendon, Worcester, Massachusetts, USA.⁵⁰ She died in 1797.⁵⁰

The nine children of Jotham Pickering and Alice Pickering were as follows:

- 219. i. Leah, b. 1782. (see # 210.).
- 220. ii. Henry, b. circa 1783. (see # 211.).
- 221. iii. ?, b. 1784. (see # 212.).
- 222. iv. Nabby Ann, b. 4 May 1786 at Mendon, Massachusetts, USA; d. 22 Mar 1867 at Lenox, Susquehanna, Pennsylvania, USA. (see # 213.).
- v. John, b. 20 Oct 1790 at Mendon, Massachusetts, USA; d. 22 Jan 1857 at Nicholson, Wyoming, Pennsylvania, USA. (see # 214.).
- 224. vi. Preserved, b. 29 Aug 1795 at Mendon, Massachusetts, USA; d. 24 Mar 1866 at Gibson, Susquehanna, Pennsylvania, USA; bur. at Union Hill cemetery, Gibson, Pennsylvania, USA. (see # 215.).
- 225. vii. Corbett, b. circa 1798 at New Milford, Susquehanna, Pennsylvania, USA; m. Tamar Denny; d. 8 Jan 1878 at Glenwood, Pennsylvania, USA. (see # 216.).
- 226. viii. Potter, b. circa 1800 at Pennsylvania, USA; d. circa 1866 at Glenwood, Pennsylvania, USA. (see # 217.).
- 227. ix. Polly, b. 1804 at Luzerne, Pennsylvania, USA; d. Nov 1883 at Marion, Kansas, USA. (see # 218.).

208. Susannah Hickman married James Browning.²⁹

The only child of Susannah Hickman and James Browning was:

+ 228. i. Annie, m. Robert Overall.

Generation Thirty-Five

209. Richard Fenner married Ann McKinney Geddy.²⁹

The only child of Richard Fenner and Ann McKinney Geddy was:

+ 229. i. Eliza Geddy, b. 1799; m. James Vaulx; d. 1845.

216. Corbett Pickering was born circa 1798 at New Milford, Susquehanna, Pennsylvania, USA.⁶⁰ He was a veteran of the War of 1812 and served as a private in Montgomery's (134th) Regiment of the Pennsylvania militia.⁶¹ He married Tamar Denny, daughter of Dr. John Denny and Esther Corbet, on 17 Sep 1818 at Gelatt Hollow, Gibson, Pennsylvania, USA. He and Tamar Denny appeared on the census of 1850 at Gibson, Susquehanna, Pennsylvania, USA. He lived in 1850 at Gibson, Susquehanna, Pennsylvania, USA.⁶² He lived in 1860 at Gibson, Susquehanna, Pennsylvania, USA.⁶³ He and Tamar Denny appeared on the census of 1860 at Gibson, Susquehanna, Pennsylvania, USA.⁶⁴ He lived in 1870 at Gibson, Susquehanna, Pennsylvania, USA.⁶⁵ He died on 8 Jan 1878 at Glenwood, Pennsylvania, USA.⁵⁰ From History of Suquehanna, Pennsylvania.

Slockquote>"...Long prior to this the sons of the pioneers began to figure on the tax lists.Corbet Pickering, now of South Gibson, came of age in 1818, and lived at Gelatt Hollow, where he then married a daughter of Dr. Denny. This now aged couple recently celebrated their golden wedding and from Mr. P's published account of it is copied a part of his statements respecting his family: 'We have raised up a large family of children, 11 of whom are now living and 4 have gone to the better land. Our grandchildren now number 52, our great-grandchildren 9, and peace seems to reign on every hand. Ours was no ordinary pleasure on the 17th of Sept 1868, when, sitting at the table spread with the good things of life, in company with most of our children, and many of our neighbors, numbering in all over 100."

Tamar Denny was born 1802 at Susquehanna, Pennsylvania, USA.⁵⁰ She died on 16 Feb 1890 at Susquehanna, Pennsylvania, USA.⁵⁰

The 13 children of Corbett Pickering and Tamar Denny were as follows:

- Louisa. Her married name was Snyder. She was born 4 Jul 1819 at Gibson, Susquehanna, Pennsylvania, USA. She died on 6 Aug 1874 at Lenox, Susquehanna, Pennsylvania, USA, at age 55.
- 231. ii. John Denny was born 1 Feb 1821 at North Gibson, Susquehanna, Pennsylvania, USA. He died on 1 Mar 1889 at South Gibson, Susquehanna, Pennsylvania, USA, at age 68.
- 232. iii. Nathaniel was born 22 Sep 1822 at Pennsylvania, USA. He died on 23 Feb 1905 at Pennsylvania, USA, at age 82.
- 233. iv. Harlaam was born circa 1825 at Pennsylvania, USA. She died in Mar 1914.
- 234. v. Alanson N was born 13 Jul 1826. He died on 10 Apr 1871 at Clifford, Susquehanna, Pennsylvania, USA, at age 44.
- 235. vi. Elias N was born 1828 at Pennsylvania, USA. He appeared on the census of 1850 in the household of Corbett Pickering and Tamar Denny at Gibson, Susquehanna, Pennsylvania, USA. He died on 27 Jan 1900 at Pennsylvania, USA.
- 236. vii. Betsey M. Her married name was Potter. She was born circa 1830 at Pennsylvania, USA.
- 237. viii. Lavina was born 1832. She appeared on the census of 1850 in the household of Corbett Pickering and Tamar Denny at Gibson, Susquehanna, Pennsylvania, USA. She died circa 1898.
- 238. ix. Henry was born 1836. He appeared on the census of 1850 in the household of Corbett Pickering and Tamar Denny at Gibson, Susquehanna, Pennsylvania, USA. He died on 20 Sep 1902 at Montana, USA.
- 239. x. Eveline was born 1838. She appeared on the census of 1850 in the household of Corbett Pickering and Tamar Denny at Gibson, Susquehanna, Pennsylvania, USA. She married John J Travis on 2 Jul 1857.
- + 240. xi. Cordelia, b. 1840 at Pennsylvania, USA; m. Francis Gaume; d. 2 Jun 1868 at Michigan, USA; bur. at St. Louis Cemetery, Louisville, Stark, Ohio, USA.
 - 241. xii. Mahalia was born 1843. She appeared on the census of 1850 in the household of Corbett Pickering and Tamar Denny at Gibson, Susquehanna, Pennsylvania, USA. She appeared on the census of 1860 in the household of Corbett Pickering and Tamar Denny at Gibson, Susquehanna, Pennsylvania, USA.⁶⁴
 - xiii. James was born circa 1846 at Pennsylvania, USA.⁶⁶ He appeared on the census of 1850 in the household of Corbett Pickering and Tamar Denny at Gibson, Susquehanna, Pennsylvania, USA. He appeared on the census of 1860 in the household of Corbett Pickering and Tamar Denny at Gibson, Susquehanna, Pennsylvania, USA.⁶⁴

217. Potter Pickering. "It was Potter Pickering's son Byron who moved to Wisconsin. At least he was on the 1870 census living in Waushara Co WI. Potter was the brother of Cordelia's father. In 1860, Potter was living in Leonidas, St Joseph County Michigan.Potter could have also moved to Wisconsin for a while. His wife is buried in the Gibson Cemetery. The book says Potter died in Glennwood. It doesn't say what state. We did not find his grave. His son Byron and Cordelia grew up in the same area and as cousins it's safe to assume they might have been close. If you take a map and draw a line from Gibson, PA through Stark County, through St Joseph Co MI to Waushara Co Wisconsin, you have a fairly straight line of progression.I have attached a copy of the 1860 census of Leonidas with Potter on it, and a copy of the 1870 census with Byron. If Cordelia died in Michigan as the book states then she probably was in Leonidas or on the way there, or while leaving from there! Anyway it's our next great mystery to solve. On Sept 1, 1856 Potter Pickering filed on 40 acres of land. The claim was filed at Stevens Point Wisconsin. The land description was: 1 SWSE 4TH PM - 1831 MINNESOTA/WISCONSIN No 20 N 8 E 7."⁶⁷ He was millwright. He was born circa 1800 at Pennsylvania, USA. Children of Potter Pickering include these two:

i. Ephraim was born circa 1829 at Pennsylvania, USA.⁶⁹ He lived in 1850 at Gibson, Susquehanna, Pennsylvania, USA.⁶² He He was also present at Stones River in 1863 - "Long prior to the war, Mr. Pickering advocated the abolition of slavery, and in 1863, he enlisted in the 8th Wisconsin Light Artillery. He participated in the siege of Murfresboro and the battle of Stone River, but was mostly engaged in garrison duty during his service of eighteen months"

in 1863.⁷⁰ He lived in 1870 at Plainfield, Waushara, Wisconsin, USA.⁶⁵ He lived in 1880 at Plainfield, Waushara, Wisconsin, USA.⁷¹ He lived in 1900 at Plainfield, Waushara, Wisconsin, USA.⁷² He lived in 1910 at Plainfield, Waushara, Wisconsin, USA.⁷³

ii. Byron was born 1841 at South Gibson, Susquehanna, Pennsylvania, USA.⁷⁴ He lived in 1850 at Gibson, Susquehanna, Pennsylvania, USA.⁶² He lived in 1860 at Leonidas, St Joseph, Michigan, USA.⁶⁸ Between 24 Aug 1861 and 22 Aug 1864 Byron Pickering was a private in Co. A, 11th Infantry Regiment of Michigan. He enlisted at Centerville, Michigan and his residence at that time was St. Joseph, Michigan. He was wounded in action Nov., 1863. He was discharged for wounds on 22 August 1864 at Detroit, Michigan. The 11th Infantry Regiment of Michigan was part of the order of battle at the Battle of Stones River (Tenn.) from 30 Dec 1862 to 3 Jan 1863.⁷⁵ From 28 Sep 1864 to 3 Jul 1865 Byron Pickering was a private in 4th Battery, (1st Wisconsin) Light Artillary.⁷⁶ He lived in 1870 at Plainfield, Waushara, Wisconsin, USA.⁶⁵ He lived in 1900 at Sherwood, Clark, Wisconsin, USA.⁷⁷ He died on 11 Jan 1920 at Crane, Montana, USA.⁵⁰

228. Annie Browning married Robert Overall.²⁹

The only child of Annie Browning and Robert Overall was:

+ 245. i. George Washington, m. Lousianna Duvall.

Generation Thirty-Six

229. Eliza Geddy Fenner married James Vaulx.²⁹ She was born 1799. She died in 1845.

The only child of Eliza Geddy Fenner and James Vaulx was:

+ 246. i. James Julius, b. 1838; m. Margaret Garside; d. 1913.

240. Cordelia Pickering was born 1840 at Pennsylvania, USA.⁷⁸ She lived in 1850 at Gibson, Susquehanna, Pennsylvania, USA.⁶² She appeared on the census of 1850 in the household of Corbett Pickering and Tamar Denny at Gibson, Susquehanna, Pennsylvania, USA. She appeared on the census of 1860 in the household of Corbett Pickering and Tamar Denny at Gibson, Susquehanna, Pennsylvania, USA. She appeared on the census of 1860 in the household of Corbett Pickering and Tamar Denny at Gibson, Susquehanna, Pennsylvania, USA.⁶⁴ She married Francis Gaume in 1867 at Wisconsin, USA. She died on 2 Jun 1868 at Michigan, USA. She was buried at St. Louis Cemetery, Louisville, Stark, Ohio, USA. From the *History of Susquehanna County*.

Subckquote>"Jotham and Phineas Pickering, brothers, settled in New Milford from Massachusetts, in 1793. Five years later, in 1798, they settled in Gibson, the latter at Gelatt Hollow. He had sons,-Augustus, Joseph and John B. The former, Jotham, a soldier in the Revolutionary War, resided on Gibson Hill and died at about fif-ty years of age. His children were...Corbet (1796-1876), father of John D....Corbet, fourth son of Jotham Pickering, married Tamar Denny,...Corbet resided for fifteen years after his marriage in North Gibson, and in 1833 settled on the Tunkhannock, a mile below South Gibson, where he erected a saw-mill in 1835 and a grist-mill about 1848. Here he spent the remainder of his life, running his mills and managing his farm. He served in the War of 1812, and went as far as Danville. Both himself and wife were members of the Baptist Church and attended at Gelatt Hollow. Their children are...Cordilla, was the wife of Frank Gaum, and died in Michigan..."

Francis Gaume was born 21 Mar 1843 at Louisville, Stark, Ohio, USA. He died in 1917 at National Home, Kansas, USA.

The only child of Cordelia Pickering and Francis Gaume was:

+ 247. i. Della, b. 21 May 1868 at Ohio, USA; m. August DeBacker; d. 1923 at St Marys, Pottawatomie, Kansas, USA.

245. George Washington Overall married Lousianna Duvall.²⁹

The only child of George Washington Overall and Lousianna Duvall was:

+ 248. i. Susan C, m. Christopher Columbus Clark.

Generation Thirty-Seven

246. James Julius Vaulx married Margaret Garside.²⁹ He was born 1838. He died in 1913.

The only child of James Julius Vaulx and Margaret Garside was:

+ 249. i. Catherine Davey, b. 1876; m. John Sidney McCain; d. 1959.

247. Della Gaume married August DeBacker. She was born 21 May 1868 at Ohio, USA. She died in 1923 at St Marys, Pottawatomie, Kansas, USA.

The only child of Della Gaume and August DeBacker was:

+ 250. i. Leopold Joseph, b. 1892 at Omaha, Nebraska, USA; m. Geraldine O'Malley; d. 1966 at Hastings, Nebraska, USA.

248. Susan C. Overall married Christopher Columbus Clark.²⁹

The only child of Susan C. Overall and Christopher Columbus Clark was:

+ 251. i. Gabriella, m. Henry Ellington Armour.

Generation Thirty-Eight

249. Catherine Davey Vaulx married John Sidney McCain.²⁹ She was born 1876. She died in 1959.

The only child of Catherine Davey Vaulx and John Sidney McCain was:

+ 252. i. John Sidney, b. 1911; m. Roberta Wright; d. 1981.

250. Leopold Joseph DeBacker married Geraldine O'Malley. He was born 1892 at Omaha, Nebraska, USA. He died in 1966 at Hastings, Nebraska, USA.

The only child of Leopold Joseph DeBacker and Geraldine O'Malley was:

+ 253. i. David, b. 1928 at Hastings, Nebraska, USA; m. Patricia Dobbs; d. 1983 at Sherman Oaks, California, USA.

251. Gabriella Clark married Henry Ellington Armour.²⁹

The only child of Gabriella Clark and Henry Ellington Armour was:

+ 254. i. Ruth Lucille, m. Ralph Waldo Emerson Dunham.

Generation Thirty-Nine

252. John Sidney McCain married Roberta Wright.²⁹ He was born 1911. He died in 1981.

Roberta Wright was born 1912.

The only child of John Sidney McCain and Roberta Wright was:

255. i. John was also known as John Sidney McCain III. He was born 29 Aug 1936 at Coco Solo Air Base, U. S. Canal Zone, Panama.

253. David DeBacker married Patricia Dobbs. He was born 1928 at Hastings, Nebraska, USA. He died in 1983 at Sherman Oaks, California, USA.

The only child of David DeBacker and Patricia Dobbs is:

256. i. David Michael was born 1955 at Washington, District of Columbia, USA.

254. Ruth Lucille Armour married Ralph Waldo Emerson Dunham.²⁹

The only child of Ruth Lucille Armour and Ralph Waldo Emerson Dunham was:

+ 257. i. Stanley Armour, m. Madelyn Lee Payne.

Generation Forty

257. Stanley Armour Dunham married Madelyn Lee Payne.²⁹

The only child of Stanley Armour Dunham and Madelyn Lee Payne was:

+ 258. i. Stanley Ann, m. Barack Hussein Obama.

Generation Forty-One

258. Stanley Ann Dunham married Barack Hussein Obama.²⁹

The only child of Stanley Ann Dunham and Barack Hussein Obama was:

259. i. Barack was also known as Barack Hussein Obama Jr.

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